

BEFORE THE IDAHO PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION

GRAND VIEW PV SOLAR TWO, LLC,)	
)	CASE NO. IPC-E-11-15
COMPLAINANT,)	
)	
v.)	
)	ORDER NO. 32913
IDAHO POWER COMPANY,)	CORRECTION SHEET
)	
RESPONDENT.)	

Consistent with the Commission’s decision and instructions in Order No. 32974, the following changes are made to final Order No. 32913 pursuant to *Idaho Code* § 61-626(3).

Page 16, Paragraph 1 reads:

“Having decided the disputed issue of REC ownership in the PURPA investigation [case],” the Commission found it appropriate to consistently apply the REC ownership decision in this case. *Id.* at 18. We affirm that decision in this Order.”

Should read:

“Having decided the disputed issue of REC ownership in the PURPA investigation [case],” the Commission ~~found~~ finds it appropriate to consistently apply the property interest factors regarding REC ownership decision set out in Order Nos. 32697 and 32802 to the REC dispute in this case. ~~*Id.* at 18.~~ Order Nos. 32697 at 45-47; 32802 at 18-21. Applying those property interest factors to the dispute in this case, leads us to find that REC ownership should be equally divided between the parties in this adjudication. ~~We affirm that decision in this Order.”~~

Pages 16-17 reads:

“Consequently, we conclude that the REC and LEO issues are not two separate and distinct issues.”

Should read:

“Consequently, we conclude that although the REC and LEO issues are ~~not~~ two separate and distinct issues, they are intertwined in this particular case.”

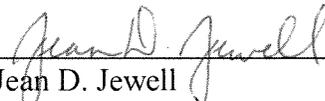
Page 26, Conclusions Section reads:

“We conclude that Grand View’s insistence that Idaho Power disclaim REC ownership left the QF unwilling to enter into a binding and unconditional PURPA contract with Idaho Power. Therefore, we conclude that Grand View did not create a legally enforceable obligation in this case.”

Should read:

“We conclude that Grand View’s insistence that Idaho Power disclaim REC ownership left the QF unwilling to enter into a ~~binding and unconditional~~ PURPA contract with Idaho Power. We also conclude that Grand View was not willing to unconditionally obligate and bind itself to supply power to the utility. Therefore, we conclude that Grand View did not create a legally enforceable obligation in this case.”

DATED at Boise, Idaho this 31st day of January 2014.



Jean D. Jewell
Commission Secretary

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