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IDAHO PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION

BEFORE THE IDAHO PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION)
OF IDAHO POWER COMPANY FOR)
AUTHORITY TO IMPLEMENT POWER COST) CASE NO. IPC-E-14-05
ADJUSTMENT ("PCA") RATES FOR)
ELECTRIC SERVICE FROM JUNE 1,)
2014, THROUGH MAY 31, 2015, AND)
TO UPDATE BASE RATES IN)
COMPLIANCE WITH ORDER NO. 33000.)
_____)

IDAHO POWER COMPANY

DIRECT TESTIMONY

OF

SCOTT WRIGHT

1 Q. Please state your name, business address, and
2 present position with Idaho Power Company ("Idaho Power" or
3 "Company").

4 A. My name is Scott Wright. My business address
5 is 1221 West Idaho Street, Boise, Idaho 83702. I am
6 employed by Idaho Power as a Regulatory Analyst II in the
7 Regulatory Affairs Department.

8 Q. Please describe your educational background.

9 A. I received a Bachelor of Science degree in
10 Business Economics from Eastern Oregon University. I have
11 also attended the Center for Public Utilities "Practical
12 Skills for a Changing Electric Industry" a course offered
13 through New Mexico State University in Albuquerque, New
14 Mexico, the Edison Electric Institute's "Electric Rate
15 Advanced Course" in Madison, Wisconsin, and the NERA
16 "Marginal Costing for Electric Utilities", in Los Angeles,
17 California.

18 Q. Please describe your work experience.

19 A. In May 1998, I accepted a position as Research
20 Assistant with Idaho Power in the Regulatory Affairs
21 Department. In March 2007, I was promoted to a Regulatory
22 Analyst. In March 2010, I was promoted to a Regulatory
23 Analyst II. As a Regulatory Analyst II, I am responsible
24 for running the AURORA model to calculate Net Power Supply
25 Expenses ("NPSE") for ratemaking purposes, preparing the

1 Power Cost Adjustment ("PCA") filings in Idaho and Oregon,
2 as well as the marginal cost of energy used in the
3 Company's marginal cost analysis. I also provide
4 analytical support for other regulatory activities within
5 the Regulatory Affairs Department, as well as providing
6 testimony in other Company filings.

7 Q. What is the purpose of your testimony?

8 A. The purpose of my testimony is to present the
9 quantification of the 2014-2015 PCA rates and to quantify
10 the rate listed on Schedule 89, Unit Avoided Energy Cost
11 for Cogeneration and Small Power Production ("Schedule
12 89").

13 Q. Please provide a summary of the sections
14 presented in your testimony.

15 A. My testimony is divided into several sections.
16 The first section of my testimony provides an overview of
17 the PCA components. The second section presents the
18 quantification of the PCA forecast rate using the PCA
19 components approved in Order No. 33000 in Case No. IPC-E-
20 13-20. The third section details the quantification of the
21 True-Up and the True-Up of the True-Up. The fourth section
22 addresses revenue sharing benefits and the proposal to
23 transfer surplus Idaho Energy Efficiency Rider ("DSM
24 Rider") funds, which are described in more detail in Mr.
25 Timothy E. Tatum's testimony. The final section of my

1 testimony describes the update to the Company's Schedule
2 89.

3 **I. OVERVIEW OF PCA COMPONENTS**

4 Q. Please describe the components of the PCA
5 base.

6 A. The PCA base level expenses are reflective of
7 the following Federal Energy Regulatory Commission ("FERC")
8 Accounts: FERC Account 501, fuel (coal); FERC Account 536,
9 water for power; FERC Account 547, fuel (gas); FERC Account
10 555, purchased power; FERC Account 565, transmission of
11 electricity by others; and FERC Account 447, sales for
12 resale (typically referred to as surplus sales).

13 The PCA base expense component for FERC Account 555
14 includes both power purchases resulting from the Public
15 Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 ("PURPA") and non-
16 PURPA (market) purchases. As per Order No. 32426, the
17 Company adjusts FERC Account 555 to include demand response
18 incentive payments that the Company provides to customers
19 for participating in any of its three demand response
20 programs.

21 **II. QUANTIFICATION OF PCA FORECAST**

22 Q. Were there any changes to this year's PCA base
23 components compared to last year's PCA base components?
24
25

1 A. Yes. On March 21, 2014, Order No. 33000 in
2 Case No. IPC-E-13-20 approved the new base level components
3 used for quantifying this year's PCA rates.

4 Q. Please quantify the PCA component amounts
5 described previously that are included in the PCA base from
6 which deviations are to be tracked based on customers
7 receiving a 95 percent share.

8 A. Order No. 33000 approved the Company's base
9 level PCA component amounts from which deviations are to be
10 tracked at 95 percent for customer responsibility as
11 follows:

12	Account 501, coal	\$108,503,180
13	Account 536, water for power	\$2,380,597
14	Account 547, gas	\$33,367,563
15	Account 555, non-PURPA	\$62,606,593
16	Account 565, transmission	\$5,455,955
17	<u>Account 447, surplus sales</u>	<u>(\$51,735,153)</u>
18	Net of 95 percent accounts	\$160,578,735

19 Q. Please quantify the PCA component amounts
20 included in the PCA base from which deviations are to be
21 tracked with a 100 percent customer responsibility.

22 A. Order No. 33000 approved the PCA base
23 component amounts from which deviations are to be tracked
24 with 100 percent customer responsibility as follows:

25	Account 555, PURPA	\$133,853,869
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1 Q. Please quantify the PCA component amounts
2 included in the PCA base from which deviations are tracked
3 differently than described above.

4 A. The base level recovery of demand response
5 incentives in the amount of \$11,252,265 was approved per
6 Order No. 33000. The \$11,252,265 represents the Idaho
7 jurisdictional share of the incentive costs. Because the
8 demand response incentive payments are jurisdictionalized
9 prior to inclusion in the PCA, this cost category is
10 calculated separately from the net 95 percent accounts.
11 Under this separate treatment, an Idaho jurisdictional
12 sales denominator is used rather than the normalized system
13 firm sales denominator used for 95 percent accounts in the
14 PCA rate development process.

15 Q. Please detail the amounts included in the PCA
16 forecast for which deviations from base are to be tracked
17 based upon a 95 percent customer sharing percentage.

18 A. Based upon the Company's March 27, 2014,
19 Operating Plan ("Operating Plan"), the forecast of amounts
20 for which deviations from base are to be tracked at 95
21 percent for customer responsibility is as follows:

22	Account 501, coal	\$169,424,879
23	Account 536, water for power	\$1,751,000
24	Account 547, gas	\$73,941,673
25	Account 555, non-PURPA	\$61,996,853

1 Account 565, transmission \$6,645,775
2 Account 447, surplus sales (\$126,166,913)
3 Net of 95 percent accounts \$187,593,267

4 Q. What is the difference between the net of the
5 95 percent accounts of the forecast amount of \$187,593,267
6 and the \$160,578,735 PCA base amount approved in Order No.
7 33000?

8 A. The PCA forecast amount of \$187,593,267 is
9 higher than the base amount of \$160,578,735, a difference
10 of \$27,014,532.

11 Q. What is the Operating Plan quantification of
12 PURPA expenses anticipated from April 2014 through March
13 2015?

14 A. The Operating Plan anticipates \$134,142,386 of
15 PURPA expenses during the April 2014 through March 2015
16 time period.

17 Q. How does this amount compare to the base level
18 of PURPA expenses approved in Order No. 33000?

19 A. The Operating Plan quantification of PURPA
20 expense is \$288,517 greater than the base level amount of
21 \$133,853,869 approved in Order No. 33000.

22 Q. What is the Operating Plan quantification of
23 the demand response incentive payments anticipated from
24 April 2014 through March 2015?

25

1 Company's normalized system firm sales, and (3) 100 percent
2 of the difference between the Idaho jurisdictional demand
3 response incentive payments quantified in the Operating
4 Plan and those quantified in the Company's last approved
5 update of power supply expenses, divided by the Idaho
6 jurisdictional sales.

7 The rate for non-PURPA expenses is 0.1807 cents per
8 kilowatt-hour ("kWh"), which is calculated by multiplying
9 \$27,014,532 by 95 percent and then dividing it by the
10 normalized system firm sales of 14,200,871 megawatt-hours
11 ("MWh") ($(\$27,014,532 * 0.95) / 14,200,871$) = \$1.81/MWh =
12 0.1807 cents/kWh). The rate for PURPA expenses is 0.0020
13 cents per kWh, which is calculated by dividing \$288,517 by
14 the 14,200,871 MWh ($\$288,517 / 14,200,871$ MWh = \$0.02/MWh =
15 0.0020 cents/kWh). The rate for the demand response
16 incentive payment is a negative 0.0218 cents per kWh, which
17 is calculated by dividing a negative \$2,961,662 by the
18 Idaho jurisdictional firm sales of 13,558,865 MWh
19 ($-\$2,961,662 / 13,558,865$ MWh = $-\$0.22/\text{MWh}$ = -0.0218
20 cents/kWh). The projection portion of the PCA rate is
21 0.1609 cents per kWh, which is calculated by adding the
22 non-PURPA expense of 0.1807 cents per kWh to the PURPA
23 expense of 0.0020 cents per kWh to the demand response
24 incentive payment of negative 0.0218 cents per kWh (0.1807
25 $+ 0.0020 + -0.0218 = 0.1609$ cents/kWh).

1 Q. What is the recoverable deviation of forecast
2 power supply expenses from base level power supply expenses
3 for the 2014-2015 PCA forecast?

4 A. The recoverable portion of power supply
5 expenses is \$22,990,660 million ($(\$27,014,532 \times 0.95) +$
6 $\$288,517 + -\$2,961,662 = \$22,990,660$).

7 **III. QUANTIFICATION OF THE TRUE-UP**
8 **AND TRUE-UP OF THE TRUE-UP**

9 Q. Please describe the True-Up portion of the PCA
10 rate.

11 A. The True-Up portion of the PCA rate starts
12 with the deferral expense report, attached as Exhibit No.
13 5. This report compares actual PCA account results to last
14 year's PCA account projections on a monthly basis, with the
15 differences accumulated as the deferral balance. The
16 balance at the end of March 2014, with interest applied,
17 was \$58,088,876, as shown on row 90 of Exhibit No. 5. The
18 \$58.1 million represents a charge to customers largely
19 resulting from actual power supply expenses being greater
20 than what had been forecast last year.

21 Q. Please describe the computation of this year's
22 True-Up rate.

23 A. This year's True-Up component of the PCA is
24 \$58,088,876, divided by the Company's projected Idaho
25 jurisdictional sales of 13,558,865 MWh which results in a

1 rate of 0.4284 cents per kWh ($\$58,088,876 / 13,558,865 =$
2 $\$4.28/\text{MWh} = 0.4284 \text{ cents/kWh}$).

3 Q. What is this year's True-Up of the True-Up
4 rate?

5 A. The Company under collected last year's PCA
6 True-Up Balance by $\$19,140,917$ as shown on row 109 of the
7 deferral expense report. The True-Up of the True-Up rate
8 is calculated by dividing $\$19,140,917$ by the projected
9 Idaho jurisdictional sales of $13,558,865 \text{ MWh}$, which results
10 in a rate of 0.1412 cents per kWh ($\$19,140,917 / 13,558,865$
11 $= \$1.41/\text{MWh} = 0.1412 \text{ cents/kWh}$).

12 Q. Please explain the combined effect of the
13 True-Up and the True-Up of the True-Up in this year's PCA.

14 A. The sum of the $\$58.1$ million associated with
15 the True-Up and the $\$19.1$ million associated with the True-
16 Up of the True-Up represents $\$77.2$ million of additional
17 collection from customers. This additional cost in large
18 part reflects that actual net power supply expenses for the
19 2014-2015 PCA year were greater than the forecast.

20 Q. Does the quantified True-Up rate include the
21 sales of Renewable Energy Certificates ("RECs") and Sulfur
22 Dioxide ("SO₂") proceeds?

23 A. Yes. The RECs and SO₂ proceeds are included
24 in the Company's deferral expense report, provided as
25 Exhibit No. 5 on lines 37 and 38. Order No. 32002 issued

1 on June 11, 2010, approved the Company's REC Management
2 Plan, which passes the customers' share of REC benefits
3 back to the customer through the PCA. Order No. 32434
4 approved on January 12, 2012, directed the Company to pass
5 SO₂ proceeds through the PCA to help offset the Company's
6 PCA deferral balance.

7 **IV. REVENUE SHARING AND DSM RIDER ADJUSTMENT**

8 Q. Please give a brief overview of the revenue
9 sharing and DSM Rider adjustment proposal described in Mr.
10 Tatum's testimony.

11 A. The revenue sharing and DSM Rider adjustment
12 proposal includes a revenue sharing benefit of \$7,602,043
13 as well as a transfer of DSM Rider funds of \$20 million.

14 Q. How has the Company incorporated this refund
15 into the PCA rate?

16 A. As detailed in Mr. Tatum's testimony, the
17 Company plans to apportion the revenue sharing benefits and
18 the transfer of \$16 million in DSM Rider funds based on
19 each class's proportion of base revenues. The transfer of
20 \$4 million in DSM Rider funds that is necessary to ensure a
21 revenue neutral implementation of the 2013 base level NPSE
22 will be provided as a uniform rate credit. This approach
23 will allow each customer class to receive the credit in the
24 same proportion as their respective increase in base rates.
25 All classes of customers will receive revenue sharing

1 benefits in the form of a volumetric rate with the
2 exception of the Special Contract customers who will
3 receive this benefit in the form of 12 equal monthly bill
4 credits. The transfer of DSM Rider funds will be provided
5 in the form of a volumetric rate for all classes of
6 customers. Exhibit No. 6, page 1, columns A, B, and C show
7 the annual revenue sharing benefits and the transfer of DSM
8 Rider funds for all classes of customers. Columns D, E,
9 and F show the cents per kWh rate for the classes that will
10 receive revenue sharing benefits and the transfer of DSM
11 Rider funds in the form of a volumetric rate.

12 Q. What is the resulting PCA rate when you
13 combine all of the PCA components described previously?

14 A. The Company's PCA rate for the 2014-2015 PCA
15 year is detailed in Exhibit No. 6, page 1, column H. The
16 uniform PCA rate is comprised of (1) the 0.1609 cents per
17 kWh adjustment for the 2014-2015 projected power cost of
18 serving firm loads, under the current PCA methodology and
19 95 percent sharing, (2) the 0.4284 cents per kWh for the
20 2013-2014 True-Up portion of the PCA, and (3) the 0.1412
21 cents per kWh for the True-Up of the True-Up. The sum of
22 these three components results in a 0.7305 cents per kWh
23 charge for all rate classes.

24 In addition to the uniform PCA rate, each rate class
25 is assigned a portion of the \$7.6 million of revenue

1 sharing and a portion of the \$20 million related to the
2 transfer of DSM Rider funds. When these amounts are
3 combined with the uniform PCA rate, each class will receive
4 a different PCA rate. The final PCA rates, including
5 revenue sharing and the transfer of DSM Rider funds are
6 listed by rate schedule in Exhibit No. 6, page 1, column I.

7 Q. Have you calculated the expected PCA revenue
8 using the PCA rates described above?

9 A. Yes. The Company would expect to collect
10 \$99.0 million through the uniform PCA rate using the
11 approved base power supply expenses approved in Order No.
12 33000. This is \$67.9 million less than the \$166.9 million
13 associated with the current PCA rate. When the uniform PCA
14 rate is combined with the additional \$7.6 million in
15 revenue sharing and \$20 million for the transfer of DSM
16 Rider funds, the Company would expect to collect \$71.4
17 million through the final combined PCA rates.

18 Q. What is the revenue impact of the requested
19 PCA rate combined with the revenue sharing rates and the
20 transfer of DSM Rider funds when compared to the PCA rate
21 currently in effect?

22 A. Attachment 2 to the Application provides a
23 detailed description of the overall revenue impact of this
24 filing on each customer class. As shown on Attachment 2,
25 applying the requested PCA rates to expected customer loads

1 for the June 2014 through May 2015 test year results in a
2 PCA increase of \$11.1 million.

3 **V. SCHEDULE 89 UPDATE**

4 Q. Please provide a brief overview of Schedule
5 89.

6 A. In 1980, Schedule 89 was created pursuant to
7 Order Nos. 15746 and 16025 to provide PURPA contracts with
8 an updated avoided energy cost rate any time the Company
9 updated its variable power supply expenses.

10 Q. Why is the Company updating Schedule 89 in
11 this proceeding?

12 A. The Company is updating Schedule 89 pursuant
13 to Order No. 32758 issued in Case No. IPC-E-12-28. Order
14 No. 32758 directs the Company to update Schedule 89
15 whenever NPSE amounts are updated, whereas typically this
16 update only occurred after a general rate case has been
17 approved. On March 21, 2014, Order No. 33000 approved
18 updated NPSE amounts for the Company.

19 Q. How is Schedule 89 calculated?

20 A. Schedule 89 is calculated by combining Valmy's
21 variable power supply expense approved per Order No. 33000
22 and the variable operations and maintenance expenses
23 associated with the plant.

24 Q. Has the Company provided the proposed Schedule
25 89 tariff for approval?

1 A. Yes. The Company has included an updated
2 Schedule 89 in Attachment 1 to the application.

3 Q. Should the Commission approve the Company's
4 computation of the PCA rates using the PCA mitigation
5 calculations and the update to Schedule 89?

6 A. Yes. The Commission should approve the
7 Company's computation of the PCA rates using the PCA
8 mitigation calculations as well as the update to Schedule
9 89. The calculation of the PCA rates and the update to
10 Schedule 89 follows the methodology that was approved in
11 Order Nos. 30715, 30978, 32424, 32578, and 33000.

12 Q. Does this conclude your testimony?

13 A. Yes.

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**BEFORE THE
IDAHO PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION**

CASE NO. IPC-E-14-05

IDAHO POWER COMPANY

**WRIGHT, DI
TESTIMONY**

EXHIBIT NO. 5

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	Power Cost Adjustment	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	January	February	March	Totals	
1	Power Cost Adjustment														
2	April 2013 thru March 2014														
3	PCA Forecasted Revenues														
4	Actual Idaho Jurisdictional Sales*														
5	PCA Component Rate														
6	Forecasted Revenues														
7	Load Change Adjustment														
8	Actual Firm Load - Adjusted														
9	Normalized Firm Load														
10	Normalized Firm Load														
11	Expense Adjustment (\$17.64)														
12	Expense Adjustment (\$17.64)														
13	Expense Adjustment (\$17.64)														
14	Expense Adjustment (\$17.64)														
15	Actual Non-QF PCA														
16	Expense Adjustment														
17	Fuel Expense-Gas														
18	Fuel Expense-Gas														
19	Non-Firm Purchases														
20	Third Party Transmission														
21	Surplus Sales														
22	Hoku 1st Block Energy														
23	Water for Power (Leases)														
24	Total Non-QF														
25	BASE														
26	Fuel Expense-Coal														
27	Fuel Expense-Gas														
28	Non-Firm Purchases														
29	Third Party Transmission														
30	Hoku 1st Block Energy														
31	Surplus Sales														
32	Water for Power (Leases)														
33	Net 95% Items														
34	Change From Base														
35	Renewable Energy Credit Sales														
36	Subtotal														
37	Sharing Percentage														
38	Idaho Allocation														
39	Net Power Supply Costs Deferral														
40	Demand Response Incentive Payments														
41	Actual														
42	Base														
43	Change From Base														
44	Sharing Percentage														
45	Idaho Allocation														
46	Demand Response Incentive Payment Deferral														
47	Actual QF														
48	Base QF														
49	Change From Base														
50	Sharing Percentage														
51	Idaho Allocation														
52	QF Deferral														
53	Total Deferral														
54	Principal Balances														
55	Beginning Balance														
56	Amount Deferred														
57	Ending Balance														
58	Interest Balances														
59	Accrual thru Prior Month														
60	Monthly Interest Rate **														
61	Monthly Interest Inc/(Exp)														
62	Prior Month's Interest Adjustments														
63	Total Current Month Interest														
64	Interest Accrued to date														
65	Balance in All Accounts														
66	*April & May reflect Normalized Sales														

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O
93															
94	True-Up of True-Up	\$ (7,719,348.99)	57,957,853.33	57,957,853.33	54,667,091.26	56,458,200.09	51,265,223.32	45,753,028.26	40,884,942.69	37,466,864.60	34,216,135.09	30,418,392.85	26,322,769.47	22,457,364.78	(7,719,348.99)
95	Adjustments			(7,166,125.59)	(5,969.29)										(7,172,094.88)
96	Revenue Sharing Order No. 32621 (1)														
97	2012-13 PCA Trnsfr per IPUO Ord No. 32621	\$ 62,204,982.23													62,204,982.23
98															
99	True-Up of True-Up Balance	\$ 54,485,633.24	50,791,727.74	50,791,727.74	54,661,121.97	56,458,200.09	51,265,223.32	45,753,028.26	40,884,942.69	37,466,864.60	34,216,135.09	30,418,392.85	26,322,769.47	22,457,364.78	47,313,538.36
100	Monthly Interest Rate		1.0%		1.0%		1.0%		1.0%		1.0%		1.0%		1.0%
101	Monthly Interest			42,326.44	45,550.93	47,048.50	42,721.02	38,127.52	34,154.12	31,239.05	28,513.45	25,348.66	21,835.67	18,714.47	421,084.52
102															
103	True-Up of True-Up Including Interest	\$ 54,531,037.93	50,834,054.18	50,834,054.18	54,706,672.90	56,505,248.59	51,307,944.34	45,791,155.78	41,019,096.81	37,518,103.65	34,244,648.54	30,443,741.51	26,344,735.14	22,476,079.25	47,334,622.88
104															
105	Monthly Collection Applied To Balance	\$ (3,426,815.40)	(3,833,037.08)	(3,833,037.08)	(1,751,527.19)	(5,240,025.27)	(5,554,916.08)	(4,806,213.09)	(3,532,232.21)	(3,301,968.56)	(3,626,255.69)	(4,120,942.04)	(3,887,370.36)	(3,335,162.17)	(28,583,705.80)
106															
107	Ending True-Up of the True-Up Balance	\$ 57,957,853.33	54,667,091.26	54,667,091.26	56,458,200.09	51,265,223.32	45,753,028.26	40,884,942.69	37,466,864.60	34,216,135.09	30,418,392.85	26,322,769.47	22,457,364.78	19,140,917.08	19,140,917.08
108															
109															
110															
111	Negative amounts indicate benefit to the customer.														
112															

**BEFORE THE
IDAHO PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION**

CASE NO. IPC-E-14-05

IDAHO POWER COMPANY

**WRIGHT, DI
TESTIMONY**

EXHIBIT NO. 6

Idaho Power Company
Calculation of Revenue Impact
Summary of PCA Rate
Idaho Jurisdiction
Filed April 15, 2014

Line No.	Tariff Description	(A) Rate Sch. No.	(B) Allocated Revenue Sharing Benefit (One-Time)	(C) DSM Rider Transfer (Ongoing)	(D) Revenue Sharing per kWh Rate	(E) DSM Rider Transfer (One-Time) per kWh Rate	(F) DSM Rider Transfer (Ongoing) per kWh Rate	(G) Total DSM Rider Transfer per kWh Rate	(H) PCA per kWh Rate	(I) PCA + Revenue Sharing + DSM Rider Transfer per kWh Rate
Uniform Tariff Rates:										
1	Residential Service	1	(\$3,408,014)	(\$1,436,250)	(0.000695)	(0.001465)	(0.000293)	(0.001758)	0.007305	0.004852
2	Master Metered Mobile Home Park	3	(\$3,286)	(\$6,929)	(0.000659)	(0.001390)	(0.000293)	(0.001683)	0.007305	0.004963
3	Residential Service Time-of-Day	5	(\$17,825)	(\$7,867)	(0.000663)	(0.001399)	(0.000293)	(0.001692)	0.007305	0.004950
4	Small General Service	7	(\$124,497)	(\$41,941)	(0.000869)	(0.001833)	(0.000293)	(0.002126)	0.007305	0.004310
5	Large General Service - Secondary	9S	(\$1,639,083)	(\$3,456,233)	(0.000518)	(0.001092)	(0.000293)	(0.001385)	0.007305	0.005402
6	Large General Service - Primary	9P	(\$208,334)	(\$439,301)	(0.000451)	(0.000951)	(0.000293)	(0.001243)	0.007305	0.005611
7	Large General Service - Transmissior	9T	(\$1,130)	(\$2,382)	(0.000466)	(0.000982)	(0.000293)	(0.001275)	0.007305	0.005565
8	Dusk to Dawn Lighting	15	(\$9,708)	(\$20,472)	(0.001517)	(0.003199)	(0.000293)	(0.003492)	0.007305	0.002296
9	Large Power Service - Secondary	19S	(\$2,842)	(\$5,994)	(0.000448)	(0.000944)	(0.000293)	(0.001237)	0.007305	0.005620
10	Large Power Service - Primary	19P	(\$846,483)	(\$1,784,927)	(0.000399)	(0.000842)	(0.000293)	(0.001135)	0.007305	0.005771
11	Large Power Service - Transmission	19T	(\$12,968)	(\$27,345)	(0.000385)	(0.000811)	(0.000293)	(0.001104)	0.007305	0.005816
12	Agricultural Irrigation Service	24	(\$986,020)	(\$2,079,160)	(0.000563)	(0.001186)	(0.000293)	(0.001479)	0.007305	0.005263
13	Unmetered General Service	40	(\$7,545)	(\$15,909)	(0.000620)	(0.001308)	(0.000293)	(0.001601)	0.007305	0.005084
14	Street Lighting	41	(\$26,186)	(\$55,217)	(0.000971)	(0.002048)	(0.000293)	(0.002341)	0.007305	0.003993
15	Traffic Control Lighting	42	(\$1,241)	(\$2,616)	(0.000439)	(0.000925)	(0.000293)	(0.001218)	0.007305	0.005648
16	Total Uniform Tariffs		(\$7,295,161)	(\$15,382,860)	(\$3,709,719)					
Special Contracts										
17	Micron	26	(\$163,742)	(\$345,273)	NA ⁽¹⁾	(0.000741)	(0.000293)	(0.001034)	0.007305	0.006271
18	J R Simplot	29	(\$62,390)	(\$131,559)	NA ⁽¹⁾	(0.000707)	(0.000293)	(0.001000)	0.007305	0.006305
19	DOE	30	(\$80,750)	(\$170,272)	NA ⁽¹⁾	(0.000719)	(0.000293)	(0.001011)	0.007305	0.006294
20	Total Special Contracts		(\$306,882)	(\$647,104)	(\$260,316)					
21	Total Idaho Retail Sales		(\$7,602,043)	(\$16,029,964)	(\$3,970,036)					

Note:
June 1, 2014 - May 31, 2015, Forecast
(1) Revenue Sharing for Special Contracts is applied as a fixed dollar amount each month.