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**BEFORE THE IDAHO PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION**

**IN THE MATTER OF THE )  
APPLICATION OF ROCKY ) CASE NO. PAC-E-07-05  
MOUNTAIN POWER FOR )  
APPROVAL OF CHANGES TO ITS ) Direct Testimony of Erich D. Wilson  
ELECTRIC SERVICE SCHEDULES )  
)**

**ROCKY MOUNTAIN POWER**

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**CASE NO. PAC-E-07-05**

**June 2007**

1 **Q. Please state your name, business address and present position with the**  
2 **Company (also referred to as Rocky Mountain Power).**

3 A. My name is Erich D. Wilson. My business address is 825 N.E. Multnomah, Suite  
4 1800, Portland, Oregon 97232. My present position is Director, Human  
5 Resources.

6 **Qualifications**

7 **Q. Briefly describe your education and business experience.**

8 A. I have been employed as the Director of Human Resources since March 2006.  
9 From March 2001 to March 2006, I was the Director of Compensation for the  
10 Company. Prior to coming to the Company, I held various positions within the  
11 area of human resources (operations, benefits and staffing), but for the majority of  
12 my career I have directed the design and administration of compensation  
13 programs. I received a Bachelor's degree in Economics (Business) from the  
14 University of California at San Diego in 1992. In addition, I achieved the  
15 Certified Compensation Professional status from the American Compensation  
16 Association (ACA) in 1999 and have kept this certification current through  
17 attending various educational programs and seminars.

18 **Q. Briefly describe your current duties.**

19 A. My primary responsibilities include managing the Company's human resource  
20 function, including compensation, benefits, compliance, staffing, training and  
21 development, employee and labor relations, and payroll. I focus on assisting the  
22 Company in attracting, retaining and motivating qualified employees along with  
23 the administration of all associated human resource programs and employee

1 experiences.

2 **Purpose of Testimony**

3 **Q. What is the purpose of your testimony?**

4 A. The purpose of my testimony is to provide an overview of the compensation and  
5 benefit plans provided to employees at the Company and to support the costs  
6 related to these areas that are included in the test period revenue requirement. This  
7 overview is focused on our base pay, annual incentive, severance, pension and  
8 healthcare benefit plans. These plans are designed to enable the Company to  
9 attract and retain the employee talent to deliver operational and service value to  
10 the customers we serve. In addition, the Company's programs help provide a  
11 highly effective workforce at a reasonable cost and demonstrate that Rocky  
12 Mountain Power is a prudent and well-managed company.

13 **Background**

14 **Q. Please briefly describe Rocky Mountain Power's compensation and benefits  
15 philosophy.**

16 A. The philosophy of Rocky Mountain Power and its parent MidAmerican Energy  
17 Holdings Company is to provide a total compensation and benefits package that  
18 enables an employee to receive compensation and benefits comparable to the  
19 average provided by competitors for labor when an employee performs at an  
20 acceptable level. Employees will earn less than the average remuneration when  
21 performance is less than acceptable and, conversely, will earn higher than the  
22 average remuneration when performance is better than the accepted levels. The  
23 Company's objective is to generally provide the same components in its total

1 remuneration package as are included in the packages provided by its competitors.  
2 This allows Rocky Mountain Power to attract and retain the quality of employee  
3 necessary to provide the high level of service demanded by and owed to our  
4 customers, without incurring excessive or unreasonable labor costs.

5 When reviewing any expenses associated with any single portion of this  
6 compensation package, it is essential to recognize that each portion is part of an  
7 integrated total package. The total compensation package must be viewed as a  
8 whole.

9 **Base and Incentive Compensation**

10 **Q. How does the Company determine the base compensation portion of the total**  
11 **compensation and benefits package for each position?**

12 A. At least annually, the Company collects market data for comparable jobs and  
13 calculates the average data point for total cash compensation. We then separate  
14 the total cash compensation portion into two elements: 1) base salary, and 2) an  
15 “at risk” or incentive element. In evaluating the compensation portion of the total  
16 compensation and benefits package, these two elements must be considered  
17 together; if either portion is eliminated, an employee would not be compensated at  
18 a market level. This approach reinforces the Company’s strategies and objectives  
19 while also providing flexibility and a prudent response to changes in business  
20 conditions.

21

1 **Q. Please describe the incentive element of the compensation portion of Rocky**  
2 **Mountain Power's compensation and benefits package as it exists in the test**  
3 **period.**

4 A. The intent of the incentive element is to put some of the competitive total  
5 compensation "at risk." If an employee performs at an acceptable level for the  
6 position, the incentive amount (referred to as the target incentive) will allow the  
7 employee to earn compensation comparable to other similar positions in the  
8 market. If an employee fails to perform at an acceptable level, the employee will  
9 receive less than the target incentive or no incentive at all. When this situation  
10 occurs, the employee will be paid less than the comparable total cash  
11 compensation in the marketplace for that year. Conversely, for exceptional  
12 performance, an employee may receive above his or her target incentive level.

13 **Q. What are the objectives of the incentive element of the compensation portion**  
14 **of the total package?**

15 A. The upside opportunity associated with incentive compensation provides the  
16 employee with an incentive to exceed performance that is merely acceptable. This  
17 opportunity is an essential counterbalance to the risk the employee faces that  
18 performance in a particular year will be less than acceptable, with the  
19 consequence that total compensation will be less than market in that year. The  
20 symmetry of the incentive element provides the Company with the financial tool  
21 to encourage exceptional performance and discourage less than acceptable  
22 performance. As would be expected from a well-designed, symmetrical plan, the  
23 average incentive element is approximately at the target incentive level.

1 **Q. Is incentive compensation a greater benefit to customers than compensation**  
2 **consisting solely of base salary?**

3 A. Yes. In the Company's experience, and as I discuss further below, a higher level  
4 of overall employee performance is achieved when a portion of pay is "at risk."  
5 Therefore, while the total cost of the Company's base plus incentive  
6 compensation program is still based on average total cash compensation, just as a  
7 salary-only program would be, the benefit to customers is greater. In addition, the  
8 lack of incentive compensation would make it more difficult for the Company to  
9 attract and retain talented employees in the increasingly competitive market for  
10 skilled labor.

11 **Q. How is the incentive compensation plan structured?**

12 A. Each employee has a target incentive level, as set by competitive market data.  
13 The Company's Annual Incentive Plan provides performance awards based on the  
14 following: achieving individual and group goals including safety goals,  
15 individual performance, and success in addressing new issues and opportunities  
16 that may arise during the course of the year. Note that all employees are expected  
17 to operate within their respective budgets, but corporate financial performance  
18 and returns are not a factor in determining the compensation amount. This  
19 approach supports the philosophy of incentive compensation as pay at risk that is  
20 earned based on individual performance. There is one important exception to the  
21 focus on individual performance; failure of a group or business unit to meet its  
22 safety goal will impact the compensation amount even if the individual achieves  
23 his or her personal safety goal.

1           As previously described, the incentive plan is structured to deliver a target  
2           incentive level for achieving performance objectives, and this target level  
3           maintains the competitiveness of the employee's position within the market place.  
4           Awards received above these stated target levels are for exceptional performance,  
5           as previously described.

6 **Q.   Please explain the level of incentive compensation that you have included in**  
7 **this application?**

8 A.   This application includes a request for total Company incentive compensation of  
9       \$27.5 million, reduced from the \$33.9 million included in the 2006 unadjusted  
10      data. This request represents the total incentive compensation payout at the target  
11      incentive level for each employee participating in the incentive plan during the  
12      test year.

13 **Q.   What level of incentive compensation does the Company expect to pay out on**  
14 **a year-to-year basis?**

15 A.   The Company's pay philosophy is to provide competitive total compensation as  
16      set by the competitive market; therefore, it is expected that the target incentive  
17      level will be achieved on a year-to-year basis and paid out at that level. While the  
18      Company's current incentive compensation design provides for an upside  
19      opportunity for individual employees whose performance surpasses acceptable  
20      levels, the overall company payout will be limited to the targeted incentive level.

21 **Q.   Can you be more specific about the customer benefits related to incentive**  
22 **compensation for Rocky Mountain Power's employees?**

23 A.   Yes. Rocky Mountain Power's customers benefit from having exceptional

1 individuals leading and operating the organization who are motivated to achieve  
2 challenging goals directly tied to safety, reliability and customer satisfaction – all  
3 of which are customer benefits. Each year, the same goals used to manage the  
4 Company are used to evaluate and reward employee performance. The best  
5 example of this is Exhibit No. 22, the individual goals of Rocky Mountain  
6 Power’s president, A. Richard Walje. These goals are used not only for Mr. Walje  
7 personally, but they also represent the goals of the entire Rocky Mountain Power  
8 business unit, which includes all of the power distribution activities in Idaho.  
9 Each Rocky Mountain Power employee establishes individual goals that directly  
10 reflect Rich’s goals for the business unit.

11           The focus of Mr. Walje’s goals, which you would find is similar in  
12 approach to the goals of our other senior officers, is to improve all aspects of our  
13 business and services provided to our customers and employees. Goal 2 for 2007  
14 is focused on safety and reducing lost time, recordable, preventable and restricted  
15 duty incidents. Goal 3 addresses environmental areas of improvement, reduction  
16 of preventable environmental incidents, correction of any and all potential  
17 noncompliance findings, and meeting all agency requirements, among others.  
18 Goal 4 focuses directly on customer/stakeholder satisfaction, implementing local  
19 and regional customer service improvements, improving visibility and relations  
20 with industrial customers and consumer associations, and improving overall  
21 customer satisfaction. Goal 5 relates to operating with established budgets,  
22 including maintaining operating costs, controlling the cost of capital expenditures,  
23 and achieving operational efficiencies—financial targets that allow the Company

1 to remain a low-cost utility. Other key goals relate to operational performance  
2 (goal 6), major project delivery (goal 7), organizational planning and development  
3 (goal 8), and quality of service and regulatory commitments (goal 9).

4 The Company's business strategy relies heavily on the annual  
5 development and achievement of these goals by all employees. Aligning  
6 employees' success in achieving these goals with a significant portion of their  
7 compensation is an obvious performance incentive that ultimately benefits  
8 customers.

9 **Q. Does the incentive plan compensate employees based on corporate financial**  
10 **performance?**

11 **A.** No. As I mentioned, achievement of a level of corporate earnings is not part of  
12 this plan. There is an additional incentive plan for selected officers and key  
13 personnel that incorporates achievement of corporate financial performance as  
14 one of its critical elements. We are not seeking to recover any of the costs of that  
15 plan from customers.

16 The incentive compensation amount included in this case is based on  
17 providing competitive market levels of incentive compensation. These levels  
18 enable the Company to attract and retain the talent needed to provide safe and  
19 reliable service to its customers.

## 20 **Employee Severance**

21 **Q. Please describe how the Company's severance plan operates and why it is**  
22 **offered to its employees.**

23 **A.** As previously described, the Company has an overall compensation philosophy of

1 providing compensation that is aligned with the competitive market average in  
2 order to attract, retain and motivate skilled employees needed to deliver safe and  
3 reliable service to its customers. Severance programs are one element of the  
4 Company's competitive approach.

5 Like many large companies, Rocky Mountain Power has maintained a  
6 severance plan for its broad-based employee population and an enhanced program  
7 for its executives. The Company has assessed its program against the market by  
8 working with M Benefit Solutions (previously named MCG Northwest).

9 Attached is Exhibit No. 23, which outlines the 2002 study performed by M  
10 Benefit Solutions and used by the Company to confirm its severance program  
11 design.

12 **Q. How do Rocky Mountain Power customers benefit from a severance plan  
13 that pays employees who are no longer working for the Company?**

14 **A.** Severance plans generally are used to encourage employees to remain with the  
15 Company and continue to be productive during a period of organizational  
16 changes. This is what occurred following MidAmerican Energy Holdings  
17 Company's (MEHC) acquisition of PacifiCorp. The new leadership, based on  
18 extensive meetings with customers, stakeholders and regulators, determined that  
19 customers would be better served by eliminating a significant number of  
20 management and corporate services positions, clarifying accountability, and  
21 reorganizing the Company into three business units that were more autonomous  
22 and responsive to local needs. As part of this reorganization, management  
23 identified a number of operating efficiencies, resulting in the need for fewer

1 employees. The severance plan provided employees who were identified for  
2 displacement with an incentive to continue to work productively and effectively  
3 while the transition was occurring. The benefits of continued operation of the  
4 Company during the transition, the operational improvements of the restructured  
5 Company following the transition, and the savings associated with a leaner, more  
6 responsive organization, all accrue directly to our customers. In light of these  
7 benefits, the costs of transition benefits provided by a severance program are  
8 prudent, and their recovery in rates is appropriate.

9 **Q. In January 2007, the Commission authorized the Company to maintain a**  
10 **deferred account for severance costs related to MEHC restructuring (Case**  
11 **No. PAC-E-06-11). Has the Company now recognized all of the severance**  
12 **amounts to be included in this deferred account?**

13 **A. Yes. The severance program for both the executive and non-executive level**  
14 **employees was actively utilized when MEHC acquired the Company in order to**  
15 **restructure work and job responsibilities under the new ownership. The company-**  
16 **wide phase of the program ended on May 23, 2007, and all severance-related**  
17 **costs associated with the MEHC labor restructuring program were recognized on**  
18 **or before that date. The Company continues to operate a severance plan that will**  
19 **be applied on a case-by-case basis. Under appropriate circumstances, which may**  
20 **include displacement due to reduction in workforce, the Company may determine**  
21 **whether and to what extent to provide severance benefits using the flexibility**  
22 **inherent in a discretionary plan.**

1 **Q. Please identify the MEHC restructuring severance costs for both executive**  
2 **and non-executive employees.**

3 A. As of March 9, 2007, total MEHC severance cost was \$39.5 million. This cost is  
4 comprised of the following amounts for the two employee groups:

- 5 a. Executive severance = \$11.4 million
- 6 b. Non-executive severance = \$28.2 million

7 Exhibit No. 24 is a list of all non-executive employees' work locations and  
8 severance pay as of March 9, 2007. Exhibit No. 25 is a listing and associated  
9 severance expense for each employee that received severance under the executive  
10 severance plan as of March 9, 2007.

11 **Q. Please explain how the Company has included MEHC restructuring related**  
12 **severance expense in this application?**

13 A. The Company has recognized \$39.5 million in severance costs related to the  
14 MEHC restructuring that should be deferred pursuant to Order No. 30225. This  
15 amount reflects employee terminations from March 21, 2006, through March 9,  
16 2007, related to the sale of PacifiCorp to MEHC. Although the severance costs  
17 associated with the MEHC acquisition continued to be incurred through May 23,  
18 2007, the March 9, 2007, cut-off date was used to provide time for preparation of  
19 this application. Severance costs incurred after March 9, 2007, have been  
20 insignificant.

21 In light of the benefits of the restructuring described above, as well as the  
22 typical role of severance benefits as a component of competitive compensation  
23 and benefits packages for employees, the Company believes that the expenses of

1 both the executive and broad-based employee severance benefits were prudently  
2 incurred and, as a result, should be included in the Idaho revenue requirement. To  
3 appropriately match these costs with the benefits to customers over a reasonable  
4 time period, the Company has proposed a three-year amortization of this deferred  
5 expense; therefore, one third of the \$39.5 million, or \$13.2 million on a total  
6 Company basis, is included in the computation of revenue requirement in this  
7 application.

8 **Q. Have you prepared a cost/benefit analysis that supports the Company's**  
9 **proposal to include this cost in the revenue requirement?**

10 A. Yes. An analysis detailing the cost and benefits related to the change in control  
11 severance program is provided on Page 4.17.2 of Exhibit No. 11, which is  
12 sponsored by Company witness Steven R. McDougal. The analysis supports the  
13 inclusion of this expense in the revenue requirement because it is offset by the  
14 ongoing benefits of the workforce restructuring.

15 **Q. Have any of the MEHC restructured and severed positions been backfilled,**  
16 **resulting in both severance costs and an ongoing replacement salary**  
17 **expense?**

18 A. There are special circumstances where terminations have occurred resulting in  
19 severance costs, and the employee's position has been replaced due to the critical  
20 nature of the position or the ongoing dynamic nature of the restructuring effort.  
21 The attached Exhibit Nos. 24 and 25 include a column ("Replaced (yes/no)") that  
22 identifies those meeting these criteria. In these instances, the related severance  
23 costs for replaced positions have been removed from the rate case revenue

1 requirement.

2 All other positions have not been replaced, and to help ensure that the  
3 remaining displaced jobs are not inadvertently backfilled, the human resources  
4 department established a governance/approval process for new hires that is  
5 handled as follows:

- 6 1. All new positions are reviewed by human resources and approved by the  
7 president/ business unit lead.
- 8 2. Once approved by the president/business unit lead, they are then reviewed  
9 by the director of human resources.
- 10 3. The director of human resources reviews and final approval is provided by  
11 the senior vice president of human resources for MidAmerican Energy  
12 Holdings Company.

13 **Q. Please explain why the severance costs for individual executive employees are**  
14 **so much higher than for non-executive employees.**

15 A. There are fundamental differences in the severance plan design and benefit value  
16 for executive-level positions versus non-executive-level positions. Executive-  
17 level positions obviously are at greater risk of termination in the event of a change  
18 in control, and it is a necessary part of their compensation package that these risks  
19 be addressed through appropriate severance arrangements. Moreover, executives  
20 are likely to need more time than the broad-based employee population to secure  
21 a comparable position with another company. As a result, enhanced severance  
22 benefits are an important recruitment and retention tool for executive-level  
23 employees.

1 **Q. Please explain the severance expenses and arrangements for the executive**  
2 **employees.**

3 **A. The executive severance plan provides the following severance benefits in the**  
4 **event a termination occurs as part of a change in control:**

- 5 1. Two times base pay at time of termination.
- 6 2. Two times target bonus opportunity.
- 7 3. Two times annual vehicle allowance.
- 8 4. Six to twenty-four months of healthcare continuation (based on years of  
9 service).
- 10 5. Outplacement services.
- 11 6. Additional payment to compensate for any excise tax obligation.

12 **Q. A significant portion of the executive severance costs relate to the Company's**  
13 **former president and chief executive officer, Judi Johansen. Please explain**  
14 **the benefit of these costs to customers in light of the fact that the Company**  
15 **now has three presidents.**

16 **A. Ms. Johansen's role was largely assumed by Mr. Greg Abel, the Company's**  
17 **current CEO. Mr. Abel is not on the Company's payroll, and only the portion of**  
18 **his time spent on Company matters is charged to the Company through the inter-**  
19 **company administrative services agreement. Inter-company charges are subject to**  
20 **annual expense limits (and potential rate credits) and must be supported by**  
21 **detailed time reporting, consistent with MEHC and PacifiCorp commitments**  
22 **made to the Commission. The three Company presidents primarily assumed**  
23 **functions that were performed by other Company executives prior to the**

1 acquisition by MEHC; those previous positions were eliminated. The  
2 restructuring of top-level executives was done to ensure local decisions and  
3 control over local issues, particularly in the Rocky Mountain Power states; to  
4 clarify responsibility for budgets, safety, operations and customer satisfaction;  
5 and to make the presidents more accessible and accountable to customers,  
6 regulators and shareholders. The associated executive severance cost is a one-time  
7 expense that should be recovered through rates to reflect the long-term benefit of  
8 reduced layers of management.

9 **Q. Does the company expect severance expense in the future and if so, has that**  
10 **been included in this filing?**

11 A. There will be instances where the company determines severance would be  
12 appropriate for an employee on a case-by-case basis. However, there is no future  
13 severance expense included in this filing.

#### 14 **Retirement Plans**

15 **Q. Please describe the changes to the Company retirement plan that took effect**  
16 **on June 1, 2007.**

17 A. The Company regularly reviews its compensation and benefit plans. Rising and  
18 volatile pension costs and recent changes to applicable laws and regulations led  
19 the Company to implement changes to its pension plan that will create a more  
20 stable, predictable cost structure.

21 Previously, the Company has offered employees a traditional defined-  
22 benefit pension plan, delivered in value based on a final average pay formula.  
23 This approach can cause both short- and long-term cost and volatility of cost and

1 cash funding. To mitigate these risks, the Company has shifted its benefit  
2 determination approach, effective June 1, 2007, to a more stable benefit for the  
3 non-union workforce. Going forward, the pension benefit will be delivered  
4 through a cash balance plan approach. All vested benefits under the current final  
5 average pay approach were frozen as of May 31, 2007, and will be provided to  
6 employees at the time of retirement. Effective June 1, 2007, the Company  
7 established an account for each employee that will grow based on credits of 6.5  
8 percent of annual pay (base plus incentive) plus 4.0 percent of pay in excess of the  
9 Social Security taxable wage base (\$97,500 in 2007). In addition, on an annual  
10 basis each account will receive an interest credit based on the account balance and  
11 the annual credit rate.

12 A transition benefit was provided for employees who are age 40 or older  
13 on May 31, 2007. Employees falling in this category will receive additional pay  
14 credits for five years (ending in 2012), structured as follows:

15 Year 1-3 = 4.0 percent

16 Year 4 = 2.5 percent

17 Year 5 = 1.5 percent

18 All new hires eligible to participate in the pension plan after June 30, 2006 will  
19 receive a pay credit rate of 5.0 percent and no transition pay credits.

20 The cash balance plan approach spreads pension costs throughout an  
21 employee's career and is conceptually much simpler than a traditional defined-  
22 benefit approach (final average pay formula), providing employees more  
23 transparency and the Company (as well as the Commission and customers) more

1 predictability. Another key benefit to employees of this approach is its portability  
2 and ability to roll over into another retirement account.

3 The Company is also adjusting its matching and fixed contributions to  
4 participants' 401(k) retirement plan. Effective June 1, 2007, the Company will  
5 match 65 percent of employee contributions for the first 6 percent of employee  
6 pay (change from 50 percent of employee contributions), plus a 1 percent of pay  
7 discretionary profit sharing match determined annually. These changes will  
8 reduce the maximum employer contribution to the 401(k) plan from 5 percent to  
9 4.9 percent of an employee's pay.

10 **Q. Is the Company making changes to the retirement plan to reduce its overall**  
11 **expense?**

12 **A.** The pension plan changes will result in savings that will ultimately benefit  
13 customers. However, the main reason the Company has decided to shift its  
14 pension benefit program is to remain competitive with other energy service  
15 providers and to reflect recent legislation passed under the Pension Protection Act  
16 of 2006. This change reflects a broader shift in large organizations across the  
17 country to cash-balance plans, as many other businesses see the benefit of a more  
18 predictable method of funding employee retirement benefits. Based on studies by  
19 Hewitt Associates (a copy is attached as Exhibit No. 26), 71 percent of companies  
20 (all industries) had traditional defined benefit pension plans in 2000, by 2006, that  
21 number had shifted to 53 percent. Those having a cash balance plan moved from  
22 18 percent to 34 percent during the same time period. The same study focusing in  
23 on the utility sector shows a shift from 79 percent to 51 percent for traditional

1 defined benefit pension plans and an increase from 19 percent to 35 percent for  
2 cash balance plans. This trend has been reinforced to us by many of our larger  
3 business customers who wrestle with the same issues associated with providing  
4 retirement benefits and have questioned how we would continue to manage the  
5 financial uncertainties associated with a defined-benefit plan (final average pay  
6 formula).

7 **Q. How much does the Company expect to save by changing to a cash-balance**  
8 **pension plan?**

9 A. Prior to revising the pension plan as described above, the Company had budgeted  
10 \$54.7 million for its annual pension expense accrual using the final average pay  
11 determination approach. Under the revised pension plan structure, the Company  
12 now expects the 2007 pension expense accrual to be \$49.6 million, yielding an  
13 annual reduction of approximately \$5.0 million.

14 **Q. How does the Company propose to include the annual pension costs in its**  
15 **calculation of revenue requirement?**

16 A. The Company accounts for its annual pension costs according to the guidelines set  
17 forth by the Financial Accounting Standards Board in FAS 87 and more recently  
18 FAS 158. The Company has consistently requested recovery of pension expense  
19 based on FAS 87 accruals in general rate cases across its six-state service territory  
20 since 1998, and would prefer to continue to recover its pension-related expenses  
21 under this approach. The level of expense accrual for the test year in this  
22 application is \$49.6 million as shown on Page 4.5.2 of Company witness Steven  
23 R. McDougal's Exhibit No. 11.

1           However, for purposes of this application, the Company has made an  
2 additional adjustment to the test year to calculate revenue requirement based on  
3 the level of cash contributions made to the pension plan trust assets during the test  
4 year. This adjustment is consistent with Commission rulings in previous general  
5 rate cases for both Idaho Power Company (Case No. IPC-E-03-13, Order No.  
6 29505) and Avista (Case No. AVU-E-04-01, Order No. 29602). Consequently,  
7 this application includes \$66.7 million for annual pension costs.

8 **Q. Why is the Company proposing the additional adjustment to include the cash**  
9 **contributions to its pension fund rather than accrued expenses?**

10 A. The Company's pension plan is an integral component of its overall compensation  
11 program, and it is critical that the Company recover the cost of funding the  
12 program using a consistent methodology from year to year. The Company has not  
13 had an explicit determination made by the Commission regarding the allowed  
14 method for Idaho-allocated pension cost recovery since it began adhering to FAS  
15 87 guidelines. Based on the recent Commission decisions cited above, the  
16 Company has included cash contributions to the plan assets in the calculation of  
17 revenue requirement.

18 **Q. Why is it important that the Company receive direction from the**  
19 **Commission regarding the allowed methodology for recovery of pension-**  
20 **related costs?**

21 A. To adequately fund the Company's pension plan, contributions must be made to  
22 plan assets in a way that ensures obligations to employees are ultimately met.  
23 The level of these contributions is based on many factors, including investment

1 performance and laws and regulations in place to protect those expecting to  
2 receive benefits from the plan, and can vary significantly from year to year. For  
3 financial reporting purposes the Company is required to accrue pension expenses  
4 according to guidelines contained in FAS 87 and FAS 158. Over the long run, the  
5 accrued expense will equal the total cash contributions; however, in a given year  
6 the cash contribution may be significantly different than the accrued expense. If a  
7 consistent methodology is not followed year after year to determine the  
8 appropriate level of expense to include in rates, the Company may not have an  
9 opportunity to recover the full cost of funding its pension plan.

#### 10 **Employee Health Benefits**

11 **Q. Please describe the Company's rationale for sharing healthcare-related costs**  
12 **with employees.**

13 **A.** The Company periodically reviews and adjusts the sharing of healthcare-related  
14 costs with employees in an effort to stabilize cost, manage volatility, and respond  
15 to changing market practices. Exhibit No. 27 provides market data compiled by  
16 Hewitt Associates outlining competitive healthcare sharing structures. Rocky  
17 Mountain Power has established a tiered rate approach to healthcare premium cost  
18 sharing, requiring employees earning greater than \$100,000 to contribute 20  
19 percent toward the premium cost, employees earning between \$60,000 and  
20 \$100,000 to contribute 15 percent, and employees earning less than \$60,000 to  
21 contribute 10 percent. This change was the start of a transition to have all  
22 employees at an 80/20 cost sharing level, a level which will be achieved effective  
23 January 1, 2008.

1           An additional consideration for the Company in making this decision to  
2 shift the cost-sharing structure was the continued rise in the healthcare costs borne  
3 by the Company. This structural shift adheres to the Company's goal of providing  
4 competitive benefits to its employees, while doing so in a fair and prudent  
5 fashion.

6 **Q. Please explain the level of healthcare costs you have included in this**  
7 **application and compare that to previous fiscal year expenses.**

8 A. There has been a significant upward trend in healthcare costs in recent years. For  
9 fiscal year 2005 and calendar years 2006 and 2007, expected healthcare expenses  
10 totaled \$41.5 million, \$49.9 million and \$60.8 million, respectively. Consistent  
11 with this trend, the Company has included in this application healthcare expenses  
12 of \$58.6 million as shown on Page 4.5.2 of Mr. McDougal's Exhibit No. 11.

13           Hewitt Associates has informed the Company that current trends indicate  
14 the rates for the Company's plans are anticipated to increase further in 2008 by  
15 between 9 and 11 percent. Shifting the cost-sharing structure passes more of the  
16 increasing expense on to employees rather than customers and, again, is done for  
17 the purpose of providing competitive retail electric service to our customers.

18 **Q. Does this conclude your direct testimony?**

19 A. Yes.

2007 JUN -8 AM 9:38

Case No. PAC-E-07-05

Exhibit No. 22

UTILITY PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION  
Witness: Erich D. Wilson

BEFORE THE IDAHO PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION

ROCKY MOUNTAIN POWER

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Exhibit Accompanying Direct Testimony of Erich D. Wilson

2007 Goals  
Rocky Mountain Power  
Richard Walje

June 2007



**2007 GOALS  
ROCKY MOUNTAIN POWER**

**RICHARD WALJE  
PRESIDENT**

- 
1. **Support all companywide goals – Collaborate with the presidents of Pacific Power, PacifiCorp Energy and MidAmerican Energy Company to ensure the efficient use of resources and to convey consistent external positions.**
  2. **Safety – Develop and implement a safety improvement plan that will improve Rocky Mountain Power’s safety record by reducing the recordable accident rate, lost-time accident rate, restricted duty cases, medical treatment cases and preventable vehicle accidents.**
    - Reduce lost-time accidents to five or fewer.
    - Reduce recordable incidents to 49 or fewer.
    - Reduce restricted duty incidents to eight or fewer and hearing threshold shift incidents to one or fewer.
    - Reduce preventable vehicle accidents to fewer than 60.
    - Deliver Rocky Mountain Power 2007 safety plan.
    - Comply with all mandated health and safety training requirements.
  3. **Environmental – Assure the environmental management system and associated compliance plan encompasses all actions required to reduce risk associated with noncompliance and to mitigate and/or eliminate any potential environmental impacts caused by incidents.**
    - Correct all potential noncompliance findings at facilities.
    - Reduce preventable incidents to fewer than 40.
    - Perform 12 environmental management system required audits.

- Meet U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service requirements for avian and raptor protection.
  - Further integrate the environmental services organization within Rocky Mountain Power's construction activities.
  - Increase Blue Sky participation by adding 2,250 new customers (a 10 percent increase compared to 2006 actual).
  - Review the Blue Sky tariffs across Rocky Mountain Power and file revised tariffs in each state to: clarify the company's ability to provide grants to certain community-based projects that are research and development oriented; allow for the contribution of Blue Sky revenues toward company-owned renewable projects to reduce the cost of renewable energy; and complete other modifications as required to better promote the adoption of renewable energy by customers.
  - Deliver demand-side management targets as presented in the proposed 2006 Integrated Resource Plan update of 138 megawatts of class 1 schedule firm and/or dispatchable resources as measured at the customer site (153 megawatts at generator).
  - Deliver demand-side management targets for class 2 as presented in the proposed 2006 Integrated Resource Plan of 13.32 average megawatts (14.8 megawatts at the generator). It is anticipated that the class 2 accomplishments also will deliver a minimum of 17 megawatts of permanent peak load reductions to the system as measured at the customer site (20 megawatts at the generator).
  - Develop a demand-side management program for consideration in the state of Wyoming and seek approval from the commission. Implement the outcome of the commission decision.
4. **Customer/Stakeholder Satisfaction – Significantly improve customer satisfaction levels at all customer interface points throughout the organization.**
- Develop and implement a strategic communications plan focused on Rocky Mountain Power, PacifiCorp Energy and MidAmerican Energy Holdings Company's operations, regulations and community relations.
  - Continue to implement local and regional customer service improvement plans.
  - Increase visibility and improve relations with industrial customers and consumer associations.

- Improve J.D. Power & Associates residential customer survey results from 4th quartile rating to a 3rd quartile rating in the Western region.
  - Improve J.D. Power & Associates business customer survey results from 3rd quartile rating to 2nd quartile rating in the Western region.
  - Achieve TQS customer survey score of No. 1 nationally.
  - Achieve commission complaint rate of no more than 0.29 per 1,000 customers (282 complaints).
  - Achieve customer guarantee success rate of 99.99 percent or no more than 2.1 failures for every 10,000 customer events (240 failures).
  - Achieve telephone service levels of 80 percent answered in 30 seconds.
  - Achieve billing accuracy at or above 99.0 percent.
  - Achieve meter reading accuracy at or above 99.85 percent.
- 5. Financial Performance – Deliver Rocky Mountain Power budgeted net income, operating expenses and capital expenditure targets.**
- Achieve targeted Rocky Mountain Power net income.
  - Achieve targeted operating expense budget.
  - Achieve targeted capital expenditure investment program.
  - Achieve bad debt net write-offs of less than \$10.8 million (0.35 percent of revenue) for Rocky Mountain Power and Pacific Power. (\$5.4 million or 0.28 percent of billed revenue for Rocky Mountain Power.)
  - In compliance with Utah general rate case commitments, deliver \$62.8 million in Utah distribution maintenance and \$5.1 million in Utah distribution pole replacements.
  - Implement improvements to capital forecasting and monitoring identified in the Summit-Vineyard project review.
  - Continue to refine the Rocky Mountain Power asset investment plan to assure optimal use of capital.
  - Identify and deliver ongoing operational efficiencies.

**6. Operational Performance – Ensure operational planning and delivery.**

- Deliver the capital investment and maintenance plans within budget.
- Develop and implement a plan to ensure Rocky Mountain Power's infrastructure planning horizon is sufficient to enable effective detailed project scope and design in support of capital optimization, engineering, competitive procurement and construction requirements.
- Restore 80 percent of customer outages within three hours in Utah, Wyoming and Idaho.
- Complete vegetation management cycles as planned and within budget.
- Implement the centralized scheduling and compliance center initiative.
- Average age of "A Conditions" not to exceed 80 days for conditions identified for remediation.
- Complete all "Fuse It or Lose It" projects in Utah, Wyoming and Idaho.
- Complete all "Saving SAIDI" projects in Utah, Wyoming and Idaho.
- Achieve an annual system average interruption duration index (SAIDI) reduction from 206 to 183 minutes (11 percent improvement).
- Achieve an annual system average interruption frequency index (SAIFI) reduction from 1.988 to 1.958 events (1.5 percent improvement).
- Achieve an annual customer average interruption duration index (CAIDI) reduction from 103 to 94 minutes (8.7 percent improvement).
- Significantly improve an additional 15 underperforming circuits in Rocky Mountain Power.
- Implement a targeted reliability-improvement-focused maintenance plan and baseline improvements for future planning purposes.
- Implement a logistics and materials management plan to reduce stock-outs of key materials by 50 percent.
- Identify all federal, state, tribal and private easements for Rocky Mountain Power 230-kilovolt or larger transmission lines that expire in the next five years. Annually, develop and execute plans to renegotiate all such easements expiring in a three-year timeframe or shorter.

**7. Major Project Delivery**

- Deliver 115 megavolt-amperes of additional capacity associated with the Utah load growth capital plan.
- Deliver the 2007 portion of the mobile radio replacement project.
- Deliver the 2007 phase of the interactive voice response/automated agent routing technology replacement for the customer call centers.
- Deliver major customer transmission interconnections to large Wyoming loads on time and within 10 percent of the budget estimates provided to customers.
- Deliver the 2007 phase of the automated meter-reading project within Rocky Mountain Power (approximately 290,000 meters).
- Deliver the 2007 phase of the Three Mile Knoll project.
- Complete Summit-Vineyard transmission projects in 2007.
- Assume executive sponsorship for the mobile radio replacement project for the MidAmerican Energy Holdings Company. Deliver the 2007 portion of the project across all business platforms.

**8. Organizational Planning and Development – Build and develop organizational capability to maximize productivity.**

- Educate all managers on how the company succeeds financially as a regulated utility.
- Provide support and resources to assist employees in continuing their professional development.
- Evaluate training and development programs to ensure they are effective in supporting employees' abilities to deliver company objectives.
- Evaluate workforce to identify high-potential leaders in 2007 and deliver succession plans.
- Cascade key information and learnings from the MidAmerican Energy Holdings Company leadership conference to all managers and supervisors.
- Reassess management's span of control and implement findings.

- Identify and develop plans to address long-term labor issues and opportunities to improve operational and resourcing flexibility to address customer and business needs.
  - Develop a resource strategy for internal workforce and contractors and incorporate it in the business plan.
9. **Quality of Service and Regulatory Commitments – Deliver the commitments made during the MidAmerican Energy Holdings Company transaction and other regulatory proceedings to regulators and other stakeholders in Utah, Idaho and Wyoming.**
- All commitments and associated filings and meetings delivered on time and communicated appropriately to commissions and other parties as appropriate.
  - Deliver the staffing plan incorporated in acquisition commitment U47.
10. **Regulatory/Legislative – Develop and execute strategies to improve business results while enhancing working relationships with regulators, legislators, customer associations and interveners.**
- Collaborate with customers and regulators to determine if beneficial modifications to Senate Bill 26 should be made and take steps to introduce legislation during the 2008 Utah session.
  - Execute, evaluate and adjust as necessary the five-year regulatory and public policy agenda for Rocky Mountain Power.
  - Implement, evaluate and adjust as necessary the regulatory and legislative plan to strengthen relationships with all levels at the Utah, Wyoming and Idaho commissions and legislative bodies to increase the company's ability to achieve its reliability, customer service and financial goals.
  - Provide legislative, legal and regulatory support to prevent any Utah, Idaho, Wyoming or Montana energy legislation from having a significant adverse affect upon PacifiCorp and its customers.
  - Prepare and file a Utah general rate case by Dec. 31, 2007, that incorporates strategic pricing proposals.
  - Prepare and file an Idaho general rate case by June 1, 2007, for implementation Jan. 1, 2008.
  - Prepare and file a Wyoming general rate case, with timing of the filing consistent with optimizing cost recovery relative to the cost recovery received through the power cost adjustment mechanism.

- By Feb. 1, 2007, assess the risks and benefits of filing a cost-recovery mechanism for renewable energy investments and purchases, including qualifying facilities in all states.
  - Develop and gain acceptance of low-income legislation in Utah that mitigates rate-design exposure in rate cases.
  - Support integrated resource plan type legislation in Wyoming.
  - Work with Idaho investor-owned utilities to develop the ability to file forecast test periods or other innovative mechanisms to support investment and cost recovery.
  - Support MidAmerican Energy Holdings Company's national political plans and goals.
- 11. Legal and Risk Management – Plan and deliver acceptable legal outcomes for Rocky Mountain Power. Effectively assess, manage and mitigate business risk.**
- Litigate or settle the Mountain View corridor right-of-way dispute and OCI damage claim on terms acceptable to Rocky Mountain Power.
  - Conclude request for proposal 2012 on acceptable terms leading to issuance of final request for proposal approved by the Utah Public Service Commission in the first quarter of 2007.
  - Develop and implement policies for Utah, Wyoming and Idaho related to service territory retention and expansion, including required changes in tariffs.
  - Renew the four franchise agreements that expire in 2007 by Dec. 31, 2007.
  - Satisfactorily and proactively resolve legal disputes.
  - Develop and implement a risk management plan for Rocky Mountain Power: first phase by Feb. 28, 2007, and second phase by Dec. 31, 2007.
- 12. Maintain strict compliance with all financial, legal, regulatory and environmental requirements.**
- Ensure all internal and external audits and related Sarbanes-Oxley and Securities and Exchange Commission requirements are satisfied.
  - Ensure adherence to standards of business conduct, including fraud and whistle-blower statutes.

- Meet all Federal Energy Regulatory Commission Standards of Conduct.
- Maintain strict compliance with all applicable companywide, Federal Regulatory Energy Commission, state and local environmental requirements, including the environmental RESPECT policy.
- Maintain a Rocky Mountain Power compliance program with certifications from key business leaders.

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IDAHO PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION

Case No. PAC-E-07-05

Exhibit No. 23

Witness: Erich D. Wilson

BEFORE THE IDAHO PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION

ROCKY MOUNTAIN POWER

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Exhibit Accompanying Direct Testimony of Erich D. Wilson

2002 Study Performed by M Benefit Solutions  
Severance Comparables

June 2007

## II. SEVERANCE COMPARABLES

### Executive Severance Benefits Change-in-Control Severance Benefits

Cash Severance	1 PacifiCorp Executive Severance Plan		2 MCG Comparable Survey*		3 "2001 Guide to Change of Control" Executive Compensation Advisory Services**	
	Cash Compensation Multiple	# of Active Participants	AES	None disclosed	INDIVIDUAL AGREEMENTS	SEVERANCE PAYOUT MULTIPLES FOR CEOs
3x	0	Avista	3x base and bonus		Payout Multiple	Percent of Group
2.5x	2	Calpine	Unspecified severance benefits		1-2.5 Times	14%
2x	4	Consolidated Edison	3x and 2x base and bonus		3 Times	74
		DTE Energy	3x base and bonus		4-5 Times	4
		Energy	3x to 5x base and bonus (1 with \$2.3 or \$2.8 mil- lion lump sum)		Through Remainder of Contract Term	5
		FirstEnergy	2.99x base and average of last 3 years' bonus		Other	3
		FPL	3x or 2x base and bonus		Total	100%
		IdaCorp	2.5x base and bonus			
		NISource	3x base and bonus			
		Northeast Utilities	Up to 3x base and bonus			
		PPL	3x base and bonus			
		Progress Energy	1.5x to 3x base and bonus			

(Continued on next page)

**1** PacifiCorp Executive Severance Plan  
**2** MCG Comparable Survey\*  
**3** "2001 Guide to Change of Control" Executive Compensation Advisory Services\*\*

**Cash Severance (Cont.)**

**INDIVIDUAL AGREEMENTS (Cont.)**  
 SEVERANCE PAYOUT MULTIPLES FOR OTHER "NAMED EXECUTIVE OFFICERS" (NEOs)

Payout Multiple	Percent of Group
1-1.5 Times	3%
2-2.5 Times	17
3 Times	59
More Than 3 Times	1
Through Remainder of Contract Term	5
Varies	15
<b>Total</b>	<b>100%</b>

SEVERANCE PAYOUT MULTIPLES FOR NON-NEO EXECUTIVES

Payout Multiple	Percent of Group
1-1.5 Times	4%
2-2.5 Times	21
3 Times	39
Through Remainder of Contract Term	6
Varies	29
Undisclosed	1
<b>Total</b>	<b>100%</b>

**NOTE**

\*Proxy review of electric utilities with annual revenues between \$5 and \$10 billion.  
 (Continued on next page)

\*\*"Detailed analysis of the individual golden parachute agreements, change of control severance policies, and incentive plan protections maintained by 150 leading corporations representing a cross-section of industries."

**Executive Severance Benefits  
 Change-in-Control Severance Benefits**

1
2
3  
PacifiCorp Executive
MCG Comparable Survey\*
"2001 Guide to Change of Control"  
Severance Plan
Executive Compensation Advisory Services\*\*

Cash Severance (Cont.)	Cash Compensation Multiple	# of Active Participants
	3x	0
	2.5x	2
	2x	4

**COMPANY CHANGE-IN-CONTROL SEVERANCE POLICIES**

SEVERANCE PAYOUT MULTIPLES FOR CEOs

	Payout Multiple	Percent of Group
1 Times		15%
2-2.75 Times		35
3 Times		38
Varies		12
<b>Total</b>		<b>100%</b>

SEVERANCE PAYOUT MULTIPLES FOR OTHER NEOs

	Payout Multiple	Percent of Group
1 Times		16%
2-2.75 Times		31
3 Times		28
Varies		25
<b>Total</b>		<b>100%</b>

(Continued on next page)

**1**  
 PacifiCorp Executive  
 Severance Plan

**2**  
 MCG Comparable Survey\*

**3**  
 "2001 Guide to Change of Control"  
 Executive Compensation Advisory Services\*\*

Cash Severance  
 (Cont.)

**COMPANY CHANGE-IN-CONTROL  
 SEVERANCE POLICIES (Cont.)**

**SEVERANCE PAYOUT MULTIPLES FOR  
 NON-NEO EXECUTIVES**

Payout Multiple	Percent of Group
1-1.5 Times	11%
2-2.5 Times	30
3 Times	18
Varies	41
<b>Total</b>	<b>100%</b>

**NOTE**

\*Proxy review of electric utilities with annual revenues  
 between \$5 and \$10 billion.  
 (Continued on next page)

\*\*"Detailed analysis of the individual golden parachute agreements, change of control  
 severance policies, and incentive plan protections maintained by 150 leading corpora-  
 tions representing a cross-section of industries."

## Executive Severance Benefits Change-in-Control Severance Benefits (Cont.)

1  
 PacifiCorp Executive  
 Severance Plan

2

3

"2001 Guide to Change of Control"  
 Executive Compensation Advisory Services\*\*

### INDIVIDUAL AGREEMENTS

MCG Comparable Survey*		HEALTH AND WELFARE CONTINUATION	
AES	Not disclosed	Term of Continued Coverage	Percent of Group
Avista	3 years	Less Than Severance Period	10%
Calpine	Not disclosed	Equal to Severance Period	70
Consolidated Edison	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Individual agreements—3 years</li> <li>Severance plan—2 years</li> </ul>	Longer Than Severance Period For Life	2
DTE Energy	2 years	Other/Undefined	15
Entergy	Not disclosed	Total	100%
FirstEnergy	"Continuation of group health"		
FPL	2 or 3 years		
IdaCorp	2 years		
NiSource	3 years		
Northeast Utilities	"Specialized welfare benefits"		
PPL	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>3 years, and</li> <li>Postretirement benefits for officers who would have become eligible during 3 years following CIC</li> </ul>		
Progress Energy	2 years		

4 TIERS	Months
Years of Service	
0-5	6
6-10	12
11-15	18
16 or More	24

Group Health Continuation	4 TIERS	Years of Service	Months
	0-5	6	
	6-10	12	
	11-15	18	
	16 or More	24	

### NOTE

\*Proxy review of electric utilities with annual revenues between \$5 and \$10 billion.  
 (Continued on next page)

\*\*"Detailed analysis of the individual golden parachute agreements, change of control severance policies, and incentive plan protections maintained by 150 leading corporations representing a cross-section of industries."

## Broad-Based Severance Benefits Non-Change-in-Control Severance Benefits

### CURRENT PLAN

#### PacifiCorp

<b>Eligibility</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• U.S. nonunion employee of PacifiCorp, PacifiCorp Power Marketing or any other U.S. affiliate that has adopted the plan; <b>and</b></li> <li>• Full-time or part-time employee working at least 20 hours per week</li> </ul>														
<b>Qualification for Severance</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Termination as result of displacement after November 30, 2001</li> <li>• Employee notification of intent to voluntarily terminate after written notice from Company of transfer of current position which involves relocation greater than 50 miles</li> <li>• Employees must not have been disqualified from severance under terms specified in employee's separation agreement</li> </ul>														
<b>Displacement</b>	A written notice informing the employee that he/she is being displaced and that, absent locating another position, the employee will be terminated in 60 days														
<b>Severance Benefits</b>	Benefits specified below are awarded to employees meeting terms and conditions of their separation agreements														
<b>Severance Pay</b>	<p>Greater of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Competitive market total compensation for position at time of displacement ("guideline severance"); <b>or</b></li> <li>• Length of "service-based severance"</li> </ul> <p>(Maximum benefit is two times annual compensation)</p> <p><b>GUIDELINE SEVERANCE</b></p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Competitive Market Total Compensation</th> <th>Severance Level (Months of Pay)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Less Than \$31,000</td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>\$31,001-\$47,000</td> <td>2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>\$47,001-\$62,000</td> <td>3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>\$62,001-78,000</td> <td>4</td> </tr> <tr> <td>\$78,001-\$104,000</td> <td>5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>More Than \$104,000</td> <td>6</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Competitive Market Total Compensation	Severance Level (Months of Pay)	Less Than \$31,000	1	\$31,001-\$47,000	2	\$47,001-\$62,000	3	\$62,001-78,000	4	\$78,001-\$104,000	5	More Than \$104,000	6
Competitive Market Total Compensation	Severance Level (Months of Pay)														
Less Than \$31,000	1														
\$31,001-\$47,000	2														
\$47,001-\$62,000	3														
\$62,001-78,000	4														
\$78,001-\$104,000	5														
More Than \$104,000	6														

(Continued on next page)

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IDAHO PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION

Case No. PAC-E-07-05  
Exhibit No. 24  
Witness: Erich D. Wilson

BEFORE THE IDAHO PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION

ROCKY MOUNTAIN POWER

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Exhibit Accompanying Direct Testimony of Erich D. Wilson

Non-Executive Severance

June 2007

**Non-Executive CIC Severance**

Legacy Department	Displacement Date	Term Date	TDLE Cost	Severance Cost	Replaced (Yes/No)
Corporate	8/14/06	10/13/06	\$ 117,939	42,088	No
Corporate	11/3/06	1/2/07	\$ 71,090	80,368	No
Corporate	8/14/06	10/13/06	\$ 45,088	14,000	No
Corporate	8/15/06	10/14/06	\$ 90,204	31,664	No
Corporate	10/30/06	12/29/06	\$ 174,196	203,524	No
Corporate	10/30/06	12/29/06	\$ 93,581	52,946	No
Corporate	11/3/06	1/2/07	\$ 112,869	40,511	No
Corporate	9/15/06	11/14/06	\$ 204,105	92,178	No
Corporate	8/15/06	10/14/06	\$ 79,203	28,593	No
Corporate	8/15/06	10/14/06	\$ 158,549	102,973	No
Corporate	8/11/06	10/17/06	\$ 89,532	125,027	No
Corporate	6/1/06	7/31/06	\$ 270,775	130,792	No
Corporate	11/6/06	1/5/07	\$ 211,392	98,866	No
Corporate	11/20/06	1/19/07	\$ 78,227	102,829	No
Corporate	8/15/06	10/14/06	\$ 67,978	23,885	No
Corporate	11/3/06	1/2/07	\$ 268,077	244,521	No
Corporate	11/13/06	1/12/07	\$ 91,605	47,151	No
Corp Comm	7/7/06	9/5/06	\$ 64,351	14,975	No
Corporate	8/15/06	10/14/06	\$ 109,286	113,677	No
Corporate	9/11/06	11/10/06	\$ 71,816	22,619	No
Corporate	8/14/06	10/13/06	\$ 223,103	87,533	No
Corporate	9/7/06	11/6/06	\$ 78,596	24,027	No
Corporate	8/15/06	10/14/06	\$ 98,058	136,296	No
Corporate	8/14/06	10/13/06	\$ 154,633	222,838	No
			\$ 12,230	\$ 683,880	
CBS	7/14/06	9/12/06	\$ 222,555	320,160	No
CBS	3/28/06	5/27/06	\$ 71,145	20,631	No
CBS	8/21/06	10/20/06	\$ 186,267	127,217	No
CBS	3/28/06	5/27/06	\$ 176,767	241,647	No
CBS	10/20/06	12/19/06	\$ 151,760	215,624	No
CBS	3/28/06	5/27/06	\$ 151,320	92,597	No
CBS	4/3/06	6/2/06	\$ 117,644	126,078	No
CBS	6/16/06	8/15/06	\$ 131,738	183,275	No
CBS	3/28/06	5/27/06	\$ 200,331	118,791	No
CBS	3/31/06	5/30/06	\$ 115,462	63,983	No
CBS	3/28/06	5/27/06	\$ 97,192	116,207	No
			\$ 2,238	\$ 6,920	
Transaction	6/1/06	7/31/06	\$ 163,949	213,009	No
Transaction	6/1/06	7/31/06	\$ 248,927	138,147	No

**Non-Executive CIC Severance**

Legacy Department	Displacement Date	Term Date	IT/EE Cost	Severance Cost	Replaced (Yes/No)
Generation	5/4/06	7/3/06	\$ 141,333	204,651	No
Generation	9/29/06	11/28/06	\$ 239,890	307,718	No
C&T	12/15/06	12/15/06	\$ 268,675	300,205	Yes
Generation	7/13/06	9/11/06	\$ 179,194	194,518	No
Generation	12/7/06	2/5/07	\$ 108,340	134,158	Yes
Generation	4/10/06	6/9/06	\$ 228,519	100,359	No
Generation	9/7/06	11/6/06	\$ 207,567	173,756	No
Generation	9/27/06	11/27/06	\$ 77,900	97,768	No
Generation	12/18/06	2/16/07	\$ 177,714	263,171	No
Generation	11/30/06	1/29/07	\$ 143,660	70,386	No
C&T	5/26/06	7/25/06	\$ 250,276	311,737	No
Generation	5/8/06	7/7/06	\$ 132,751	117,727	No
C&T	10/27/06	12/26/06	\$ 142,346	215,644	No
C&T	5/26/06	7/25/06	\$ 131,259	52,381	No
Generation	8/3/06	10/2/06	\$ 134,557	176,593	No
Generation	10/12/06	12/11/06	\$ 171,087	234,497	No
Legal	3/22/06	5/21/06	\$ 208,450	118,063	No
Legal	11/27/06	1/26/07	\$ 83,529	84,689	No
Generation	6/5/06	8/4/06	\$ 224,436	319,909	Yes
C&T	5/18/06	7/17/06	\$ 239,691	123,750	No
Generation	5/8/06	7/7/06	\$ 125,022	91,209	No
Generation	5/4/06	7/3/06	\$ 93,646	120,996	No
Generation	3/24/06	5/23/06	\$ 247,567	332,135	No
Generation	7/17/06	9/15/06	\$ 185,288	275,913	No
OGC	11/3/06	1/2/07	\$ 83,802	25,317	No
OGC	3/22/06	5/21/06	\$ 226,113	187,646	No
HR	7/6/06	9/4/06	\$ 74,473	17,010	No
HR	10/2/06	12/1/06	\$ 174,614	176,039	No
HR	5/8/06	7/7/06	\$ 140,044	67,216	No
IT	10/24/06	12/23/06	\$ 164,406	78,192	No
HR	5/4/06	7/3/06	\$ 120,036	45,968	No
IT	6/19/06	8/21/06	\$ 112,675	46,444	No
HR	5/8/06	7/7/06	\$ 147,902	210,518	No
IT	6/19/06	8/21/06	\$ 113,011	143,956	No
HR	5/8/06	7/7/06	\$ 153,034	85,466	No
HR	8/16/06	10/15/06	\$ 121,522	49,707	No
HR	6/12/06	8/11/06	\$ 59,729	16,086	No
IT	6/19/06	8/21/06	\$ 81,725	24,802	No
IT	10/20/06	12/19/06	\$ 115,065	50,366	No

**Non-Executive CIC Severance**

Legacy Department	Displacement Date	Term Date	TH EE Cost	Severance Cost	Replaced (yes/no)
IT	2/2/07	4/3/07	\$ 128,198	155,746	No
HR	5/15/06	7/14/06	\$ 143,162	56,683	No
HR	8/7/06	10/6/06	\$ 73,527	78,761	No
IT	9/5/06	11/4/06	\$ 128,499	164,569	No
HR	5/8/06	7/7/06	\$ 130,507	168,527	No
HR	10/2/06	12/1/06	\$ 175,162	211,566	No
HR	8/21/06	10/20/06	\$ 127,107	66,231	No
IT	10/27/06	12/26/06	\$ 122,502	142,711	No
IT	6/19/06	8/21/06	\$ 168,236	93,171	No
IT	6/19/06	8/21/06	\$ 66,250	76,885	No
HR	6/12/06	8/11/06	\$ 106,137	77,230	No
IT	6/19/06	8/21/06	\$ 142,828	77,225	No
HR	5/15/06	7/14/06	\$ 140,383	60,434	No
IT	6/19/06	8/21/06	\$ 174,455	204,317	No
IT	6/19/06	8/21/06	\$ 117,716	65,074	No
IT	6/27/06	8/26/06	\$ 102,370	64,794	No
IT	8/1/06	9/30/06	\$ 223,312	109,889	No
IT	10/27/06	12/26/06	\$ 142,280	57,365	No
IT	6/19/06	8/21/06	\$ 66,711	64,804	No
IT	6/19/06	8/21/06	\$ 131,713	53,467	No
IT	6/26/06	8/25/06	\$ 68,125	17,881	No
HR	8/21/06	10/20/06	\$ 122,865	167,588	No
HR	5/8/06	7/7/06	\$ 114,428	43,564	No
HR	9/1/06	10/31/06	\$ 200,704	266,437	No
IT	6/19/06	8/21/06	\$ 162,506	98,896	No
IT	6/19/06	8/21/06	\$ 197,199	112,337	No
IT	6/19/06	8/21/06	\$ 172,493	99,925	No
IT	9/7/06	11/6/06	\$ 94,879	35,558	No
IT	8/1/06	9/30/06	\$ 282,988	171,971	No
IT	6/21/06	8/21/06	\$ 138,279	55,889	No
HR	6/13/06	8/12/06	\$ 117,973	66,995	No
IT	9/5/06	11/4/06	\$ 101,541	44,989	No
IT	6/21/06	8/21/06	\$ 107,572	113,975	No
IT	6/19/06	8/21/06	\$ 181,445	141,533	No
IT	6/19/06	8/21/06	\$ 144,705	213,252	No
IT	6/26/06	8/25/06	\$ 99,685	36,021	No
HR	5/8/06	7/7/06	\$ 58,646	15,855	No
IT	6/19/06	8/21/06	\$ 190,626	117,191	No
HR	4/7/06	6/6/06	\$ 288,988	329,854	No
IT	6/19/06	8/21/06	\$ 159,259	80,096	No
HR	5/15/06	7/14/06	\$ 61,811	23,896	Yes
IT	7/14/06	9/12/06	\$ 157,496	67,238	No

**Non-Executive CIC Severance**

Legacy Department	Displacement Date	Term Date	Ind.EE.Cost	Severance Cost	Replaced (yes/no)
IT	8/28/06	10/27/06	\$ 113,515	43,258	No
IT	6/19/06	8/21/06	\$ 101,654	48,893	No
IT	6/19/06	8/21/06	\$ 143,369	170,350	No
HR	5/8/06	7/7/06	\$ 123,888	50,580	No
HR	10/9/06	12/8/06	\$ 136,815	136,127	No
HR	5/8/06	7/7/06	\$ 146,056	81,930	No
HR	5/11/06	7/10/06	\$ 128,076	52,125	No
IT	6/19/06	8/21/06	\$ 106,547	50,815	No
IT	6/19/06	8/21/06	\$ 79,300	24,201	No
IT	10/26/06	12/25/06	\$ 148,948	76,171	No
HR	5/4/06	7/3/06	\$ 78,508	29,989	Yes
HR	7/10/06	9/8/06	\$ 69,654	59,272	No
IT	9/5/06	11/4/06	\$ 129,843	68,998	No
IT	10/25/06	12/25/06	\$ 122,422	176,775	No
IT	6/19/06	8/21/06	\$ 205,029	96,094	No
IT	7/10/06	9/8/06	\$ 148,889	63,816	No
HR	4/3/06	6/2/06	\$ 61,561	26,532	No
IT	6/19/06	8/21/06	\$ 194,275	88,940	No
Power Delivery	3/22/06	5/21/06	\$ 232,260	260,311	No
Power Delivery	10/19/06	12/18/06	\$ 82,385	29,582	No
Power Delivery	11/28/06	11/29/06	\$ 80,708	69,729	Yes
Power Delivery	8/16/06	10/15/06	\$ 104,279	53,219	No
Power Delivery	11/3/06	1/2/07	\$ 64,293	58,031	No
Power Delivery	11/2/06	1/1/07	\$ 112,628	56,670	No
Power Delivery	11/3/06	1/2/07	\$ 142,938	68,431	No
Power Delivery	10/4/06	12/3/06	\$ 141,486	187,294	No
Power Delivery	10/3/06	12/2/06	\$ 175,377	260,033	No
Power Delivery	10/5/06	12/4/06	\$ 129,047	170,392	No
Power Delivery	8/16/06	8/17/06	\$ 137,054	62,271	No
Power Delivery	10/18/06	12/17/06	\$ 70,389	26,230	No
Power Delivery	10/19/06	12/18/06	\$ 173,127	199,304	No
Power Delivery	12/4/06	12/4/06	\$ 107,231	62,816	Yes
Power Delivery	10/18/06	12/17/06	\$ 106,690	61,349	No
Power Delivery	10/3/06	12/2/06	\$ 164,120	246,703	No
Power Delivery	8/18/06	8/18/06	\$ 56,054	18,150	Yes
Power Delivery	3/2/07	5/1/07	\$ 179,066	182,211	No
Power Delivery	10/3/06	12/2/06	\$ 142,934	216,909	No
Power Delivery	11/15/06	1/14/07	\$ 64,141	79,510	No
Power Delivery	10/2/06	12/1/06	\$ 137,668	180,708	No
Power Delivery	10/4/06	12/3/06	\$ 131,885	139,740	No
Power Delivery	10/30/06	12/29/06	\$ 141,272	138,448	No

**Non-Executive CIC Severance**

Legacy Department	Displacement Date	Term Date	TUPEE Cost	Severance Cost	Replaced (yes/no)
Power Delivery	9/12/06	9/12/06	\$ 67,374	\$ 24,044	Yes
Power Delivery	10/19/06	12/18/06	\$ 73,390	\$ 79,877	No
Power Delivery	10/5/06	12/4/06	\$ 130,859	\$ 182,111	No
Power Delivery	1/5/07	3/6/07	\$ 159,492	\$ 190,230	No
Power Delivery	10/18/06	12/17/06	\$ 82,759	\$ 29,699	No
Power Delivery	2/13/07	2/13/07	\$ 59,720	\$ 11,693	Yes
Power Delivery	10/9/06	12/8/06	\$ 144,960	\$ 224,014	No
Power Delivery	11/21/06	1/20/07	\$ 132,666	\$ 74,445	No
Power Delivery	10/12/06	12/11/06	\$ 175,066	\$ 261,807	No
Power Delivery	8/16/06	10/15/06	\$ 141,919	\$ 98,507	No
Power Delivery	10/19/06	12/18/06	\$ 75,851	\$ 38,712	No
Power Delivery	10/23/06	12/22/06	\$ 147,206	\$ 151,316	No
Power Delivery	8/14/06	10/13/06	\$ 63,656	\$ 16,926	No
Power Delivery	11/28/06	1/29/07	\$ 85,896	\$ 33,428	No
Power Delivery	10/19/06	12/18/06	\$ 77,423	\$ 101,529	No
Power Delivery	1/31/07	4/1/07	\$ 185,620	\$ 276,305	No
Power Delivery	8/21/06	10/20/06	\$ 121,730	\$ 189,293	No
Power Delivery	9/29/06	11/28/06	\$ 164,509	\$ 193,158	No
Power Delivery	10/19/06	12/18/06	\$ 89,143	\$ 87,657	No
Power Delivery	10/19/06	12/18/06	\$ 66,621	\$ 31,055	No
Power Delivery	11/9/06	1/8/07	\$ 142,322	\$ 216,014	No
Power Delivery	10/3/06	12/2/06	\$ 75,228	\$ 118,172	No
Power Delivery	10/27/06	12/26/06	\$ 154,354	\$ 68,897	No
Power Delivery	2/1/07	4/2/07	\$ 66,688	\$ 84,957	No
Power Delivery	10/19/06	12/18/06	\$ 111,537	\$ 69,432	No
Power Delivery	9/25/06	11/24/06	\$ 178,155	\$ 266,070	No
Power Delivery	11/3/06	1/2/07	\$ 144,261	\$ 205,550	No
Power Delivery	8/16/06	10/15/06	\$ 136,652	\$ 61,503	No
Power Delivery	10/19/06	12/18/06	\$ 99,573	\$ 53,267	No
Power Delivery	12/1/06	1/30/07	\$ 63,413	\$ 84,643	No
Power Delivery	2/1/07	4/2/07	\$ 143,125	\$ 81,414	No
Power Delivery	8/14/06	10/13/06	\$ 139,905	\$ 212,474	No
Power Delivery	8/16/06	10/15/06	\$ 177,984	\$ 118,026	No
Power Delivery	10/23/06	12/22/06	\$ 138,919	\$ 130,113	No
Power Delivery	10/18/06	12/17/06	\$ 97,457	\$ 92,321	No
Power Delivery	10/3/06	12/2/06	\$ 124,139	\$ 100,547	No
Power Delivery	3/22/06	5/21/06	\$ 261,056	\$ 116,797	No
Power Delivery	8/18/06	10/17/06	\$ 133,160	\$ 202,598	No
Power Delivery	10/26/06	12/25/06	\$ 169,952	\$ 254,750	No
Power Delivery	10/18/06	12/17/06	\$ 85,363	\$ 49,226	No
Power Delivery	1/18/07	3/19/07	\$ 57,101	\$ 11,367	No
Power Delivery	9/26/06	11/25/06	\$ 238,676	\$ 336,322	No

**Non-Executive CIC Severance**

Legacy Department	Displacement Date	Term Date	TTBEE Cost	Severance Cost	Replaced (Yes/No)
Power Delivery	10/18/06	12/17/06	\$ 97,690	127,300	No
Power Delivery	10/18/06	12/17/06	\$ 96,920	109,598	No
Power Delivery	10/3/06	12/2/06	\$ 147,243	96,128	No
Power Delivery	11/2/06	1/1/07	\$ 107,644	150,329	No
Power Delivery	6/22/06	8/21/06	\$ 147,184	65,903	No
Power Delivery	10/18/06	12/17/06	\$ 49,518	21,724	No
Power Delivery	11/9/06	1/8/07	\$ 150,411	184,145	No
Power Delivery	10/10/06	12/9/06	\$ 105,136	109,840	No
Power Delivery	10/18/06	12/17/06	\$ 107,266	60,956	No
Power Delivery	6/22/06	8/21/06	\$ 68,390	19,948	No
Power Delivery	10/3/06	12/2/06	\$ 137,387	166,703	No
Power Delivery	10/19/06	12/18/06	\$ 90,972	103,501	No
Power Delivery	10/3/06	12/2/06	\$ 91,479	48,745	No
Power Delivery	1/31/07	4/1/07	\$ 155,713	217,949	No
Power Delivery	10/3/06	12/2/06	\$ 126,242	168,865	No
Power Delivery	11/3/06	1/2/07	\$ 133,970	187,276	No
Power Delivery	10/18/06	12/17/06	\$ 99,332	57,041	No
Power Delivery	6/23/06	6/23/06	\$ 70,790	56,518	Yes
Power Delivery	10/5/06	12/4/06	\$ 103,988	48,684	No
Power Delivery	8/16/06	10/15/06	\$ 57,211	14,151	No
Power Delivery	10/18/06	12/17/06	\$ 132,866	158,668	No
Power Delivery	10/3/06	12/2/06	\$ 127,903	194,901	No
Power Delivery	10/27/06	12/26/06	\$ 209,484	268,872	No
Power Delivery	10/18/06	12/17/06	\$ 97,527	118,462	No
Power Delivery	9/29/06	11/28/06	\$ 178,155	266,070	No
Power Delivery	10/2/06	12/1/06	\$ 152,763	180,589	No
Power Delivery	11/3/06	1/2/07	\$ 140,198	144,768	No
SREA	3/22/06	5/21/06	\$ 101,848	132,521	No
SREA	3/22/06	5/21/06	\$ 145,743	65,941	No
SREA	10/9/06	12/8/06	\$ 104,785	119,581	No
SREA	9/12/06	11/11/06	\$ 220,935	248,592	No
SREA	3/22/06	5/21/06	\$ 138,599	73,902	No
SREA	3/21/06	5/21/06	\$ 187,142	104,633	No
SREA	3/22/06	5/21/06	\$ 66,261	64,438	No
SREA	3/22/06	5/21/06	\$ 70,595	104,000	No
SREA	3/22/06	5/21/06	\$ 76,010	21,836	No
SREA	3/22/06	5/21/06	\$ 162,426	90,227	No
SREA	3/22/06	5/21/06	\$ 145,789	173,042	No
SREA	3/22/06	5/21/06	\$ 155,325	121,998	No
SREA	10/23/06	12/22/06	\$ 157,179	222,796	No
SREA	3/22/06	5/21/06	\$ 114,213	97,844	No

## Non-Executive CIC Severance

Legacy Department	Displacement Date	Term Date	Title Cost	Severance Cost	Replaced (Yes/No)
SREA	3/22/06	5/21/06	\$ 76,825	\$ 29,823	No
SREA	3/22/06	5/21/06	\$ 119,559	\$ 74,710	No
SREA	11/28/06	1/28/07	\$ 247,464	\$ 313,710	No
SREA	5/24/06	7/23/06	\$ 217,728	\$ 152,315	No
SREA	2/14/07	4/15/07	\$ 206,368	\$ 177,585	No
<b>SREA Total</b>			<b>\$ 2,719,994</b>	<b>\$ 2,389,491</b>	
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>247</b>		<b>\$ 33,123,860</b>	<b>\$ 29,218,606</b>	
<b>Remove Backfill</b>	<b>11</b>		<b>\$ (1,183,648)</b>	<b>\$ (1,051,105)</b>	
<b>Net Total</b>	<b>236</b>		<b>\$ 31,940,213</b>	<b>\$ 28,167,501</b>	

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IDAHO PUBLIC  
UTILITIES COMMISSION

Case No. PAC-E-07-05  
Exhibit No. 25  
Witness: Erich D. Wilson

BEFORE THE IDAHO PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION

ROCKY MOUNTAIN POWER

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Exhibit Accompanying Direct Testimony of Erich D. Wilson

Executive Severance

June 2007

## Executive CIC Severance

Legacy Department	Displacement Date	Term Date	IEEE Cost	Severance Cost	Replaced (yrs/no)
Corporate	3/21/06	3/21/06	\$ 1,318,258	\$ 3,900,581	No
Generation	3/24/06	5/23/06	\$ 401,998	\$ 1,622,053	No
Power Delivery	3/21/06	5/20/06	\$ 485,100	\$ 1,789,232	No
SREA	3/21/06	5/20/06	\$ 440,355	\$ 1,060,927	No
OGC	11/3/06	1/2/07	\$ 571,442	\$ 2,293,493	No
SREA	3/22/06	5/21/06	\$ 279,303	\$ 688,221	No
Mining	11/15/06	1/13/07	\$ 505,790	\$ 1,836,153	Yes
Generation	4/17/06	6/16/06	\$ 284,054	\$ 944,409	Yes
Corporate	9/22/06	11/22/06	\$ 630,962	\$ 1,485,017	Yes
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>9</b>		<b>\$ 4,917,261</b>	<b>\$ 15,620,085</b>	
Remove Backfill	3		\$ 1,420,806	\$ 4,265,579	
<b>Net Total</b>	<b>6</b>		<b>3,496,455</b>	<b>11,354,507</b>	

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IDAHO PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION

Case No. PAC-E-07-05  
Exhibit No. 26  
Witness: Erich D. Wilson

BEFORE THE IDAHO PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION

ROCKY MOUNTAIN POWER

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Exhibit Accompanying Direct Testimony of Erich D. Wilson

Defined Benefit Pension Trends  
2000 Through 2006  
Hewitt Associates

June 2007

4/19/2007

**Defined Benefit Pension Trends  
 2000 Through 2006  
 Primary Type of Benefit Formula**

All Industries	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
<i>Number of plans</i>	759	688	679	677	640	583	511
Final average pay	71%	67%	63%	58%	57%	55%	53%
Career average pay	7%	7%	6%	6%	6%	6%	6%
Cash balance	18%	22%	25%	30%	31%	33%	34%
Pension equity	3%	4%	5%	5%	5%	5%	7%
Other (e.g., fixed dollar only)	1%	<1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	<1%
	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

Utilities	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
<i>Number of plans</i>	47	44	44	56	47	51	43
Final average pay	79%	75%	68%	54%	45%	49%	51%
Career average pay	2%	5%	5%	5%	6%	6%	7%
Cash balance	19%	18%	23%	38%	43%	41%	35%
Pension equity	0%	2%	4%	3%	6%	4%	7%
Other (e.g., fixed dollar only)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

Source: Hewitt Associates SpecBook™

Hewitt Associates

Case No. PAC-E-07-05  
Exhibit No. 27  
Witness: Erich D. Wilson

BEFORE THE IDAHO PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION

ROCKY MOUNTAIN POWER

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Exhibit Accompanying Direct Testimony of Erich D. Wilson

PacifiCorp Plan Design Benchmark Data  
Hewitt Associates

June 2007

## PacifiCorp Plan Design Benchmark Data

Office Visit Copayment	PPO Average	PPO Median	POS Average	POS Median	EPO Average	EPO Median
PacifiCorp 2007 Design	\$15	\$15	\$15	\$15	\$15	\$15
PacifiCorp's Comparators <sup>1</sup>	\$22	\$20	\$17	\$18	\$15	\$15
Utility Industry <sup>2</sup>	\$19	\$20	\$17	\$18	\$15	\$15
All Employers <sup>3</sup>	\$19	\$20	\$18	\$15	\$18	\$20

### PCP vs. Specialist Office Visit Copayment Differentials<sup>1</sup>

Total PacifiCorp Comparator Companies	9
Number With Differentiated Copayment	5
Average Amount of Differentiation	\$12

Utility Industry Employer Subsidy— Active Medical Plans	Overall Employer Subsidy	Employee Only Employer Subsidy	Family Employer Subsidy
All Plan Types <sup>4</sup>	84%	87%	83%
POS <sup>4</sup>	81%	86%	79%
PPO <sup>4</sup>	84%	87%	82%

Large Employers Employer Subsidy— Active Medical Plans	Overall Employer Subsidy	Employee Only Employer Subsidy	Family Employer Subsidy
All Plan Types <sup>5</sup>	80%	82%	77%
POS <sup>5</sup>	81%	83%	79%
PPO <sup>5</sup>	80%	82%	77%

<sup>1</sup> 2006 Salaried Benefit Index<sup>®</sup> (BI) data for companies chosen as PacifiCorp's custom comparator group in their 10/06 BI study.

<sup>2</sup> 2006 Salaried BI data for the utility industry.

<sup>3</sup> 2006 Salaried BI data for all employers in our database.

<sup>4</sup> Data from 19 utility industry employers included in the 2006 Hewitt Health Value Initiative<sup>™</sup> database.

<sup>5</sup> Data from 345 large employers (more than 3,000 employees) included in the 2006 Hewitt Health Value Initiative<sup>™</sup> database.